April 6, 2009

439

				439
267.15	 mamld acts	200.14	Domish 1 d accor	217.15
367:15 403:1	replicate	299:14	Republicans	317:15
	315:7	310:9,10	251:14,19,22	332:23
relates	report	314:10	321:12,14	334:16,21
325:17	253:17	317:19,21	reputation	336:3,24
348:14	306:12,16	337:17	301:5	337:1
relating	306:21,24	349:11,13	request	346:16 354:25
296:18	308:17,18	351:20,21 357:13	272:24 273:4	367:14
relationship	313:13	357:13 359:7,8	273:12,15	367:14
351:18	314:16	362:17	274:20	379:3,10
relations	322:6	363:12	requested	380:2 381:1
306:7	335:24	372 : 16	274:9,24	381:20
relatives	393:24		402:16,23	
353:21	reported	373:14,15	require	390:14
release	345:5,7,8	375:21	275 : 24	393:11,11
360 : 22	351:25	377:18,21	295 : 21	393:16,17 393:21
362:12	Reporter	377:22	296:19	
released	402:5	389:11,13 389:14	297:1	requirements 256:10
271:7,9,24	REPORTER'S	389:14	306:13,17	
271:25	402:1	391:16 396:14 , 15	306:22 , 25	258:25,25
relevant	reports	396:14,15	315:9,20	276:15
313:23	375 : 8	397:17,20 397:21	316:12	281:1,11
reliability	represent	399:17,18	336:4	295:15
305:4	254:1 282:5	400:5	349:23	297:4
relied	289:3,4	REPRESENT	356:11,18	310:25
260:7	296 : 23		367:7	332:17,19
relief	302 : 16	247:8	369:25	335:24
257:10	304:15	represented	370:3,4	336:8 345:20
relying	305 : 13	289:4 325:8	392:14	345:20
361:21	324:18	representing	393:23	359:5 382:7
remain	327:1 331:2	304:21 318:1	394:25	385:1,23
333:1 334:8	363 : 25	319:20,21	required	393:1,23
remaining	represent	330:6,12,14	257:19 258:2	requires
251:1	357 : 16	330:17,18	296:20	258:14
remedy	represent	330:23	305:11,15	258:14
380:20 383:5	259 : 12	reps	314:18	305:18,22
remember	261 : 24	275:3	323:10	332:9
265:9 310:3	263 : 16	Republic	335:10	requiring
325:19,20	264 : 22	366:17	340:14	256:18 307:2
357:14	274 : 13	Republican	342:12	
remind	277 : 15	250:12,16	379:1	332:1
292:24	282 : 7 , 9	251:10	385:22	356:25
reminds	285 : 18	253:7 280:5	389:16,16	372:3
293:8,8	286:3,10,11	284:10	requirement	requisite 380:12,13
remove	293 : 25	286:25	278:15	•
375:15	294:3,6,8,9	287:11	303:20	research
repeat	294:12,14	294:21	315:2	307:5 328:15
376:24	294:16,22	321:7,10,11	316:10,11	residency
3/0.24	296:2 297:9	351 : 15	316:12	281:11
	<u>l</u>	<u> </u>	<u>l</u>	<u> </u>
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Suite 220 3101 Bee Caves Road Austin, TX 78746 www.esquiresolutions.com

April 6, 2009

440

				440
residents	rest	rich	359:21	273:9
277:12	274:13		360:1	role
resign	304:19	324:14 ride	363:14	388:1
264:13,19	356 : 3	292:9	364:9	roll
resigned	356:3 371:25		366:16,19	278:12 317:1
resigned 292:22 293:7	restrict	right	372:6	2/8:12 31/:1 rolls
	332:7 337:9	255:25 259:8	376:14	262:7 303:23
301:22		259:10	377:14	
resolution	restrictions	261:1	377:13,13	344:22
271:3,7	305:3	263:12,24	378:5,11,15	room
resolved	result	267:22 269:4	379:14,21	344:24 356:8
341:10	250:13,14		379:14,21	roughly
resource	277:23	272:19 273:14	380:1,9	282:14
389:5 393:1	278:6		381:23	394:21
resources	334:23	280:9 281:9	383:1,20	395:17
275:22	371:16	281:12,13	385:25	399:5
287:13	375:9 392:4	282:14,23	395:1	row
291:10	resulted	288:17	396:13	250:24
292:15	277:21	291:20,25 293:18	399:11	Rule
297:17,19	results		rightfully	402:14
respect	312:8,11,16	295:22,24 296:22	280:18	ruled
268:18 281:8	resume	296:22 297:15	rights	304:24
284:18,18	356 : 23		254:12	383 : 18
286:12	retorts	298:1,5 299:1	255:15,23	rules
289:10	375 : 23		256:15,23 256:3,9	361 : 3
293:21	retroacti	302:15 305:12	256:3,9 257:13	ruling
294:1	270:20 271:6		257:13	281:13,14
366:13,20	retrogres	308:23,24 316:3	267:13	282:18,21
368:6 369:3	390:11	316:3	277:21	282:24
369:7	return	319:23	277:21 279:21	283:1
respectfully	372:1 380:6	320:1,8,15 321:8,9	2/9:21	284:21,25
342 : 7	380:18	321:8,9	286:16	285:1,2
respond	381 : 6	322:/ 324:8 325:8	302:25	360:18,25
249:10	returned	325:8 328:14,16	302:25	rulings
263 : 24	371 : 18	328:14,16	331:8,11	281:12
respondent	402:18,20	328:23 329:19	331:8,11	run
312:7	revenue	329:19 330:25	336:1 337:7	298:2 383:8
respondents	385 : 12	330:25 335:1 337:6	337:13	running
306:10,12,14	review	335:1 337:6	366:19	253 : 15
306 : 16 , 19	253:10	341:12 345:18,18	379:21	303:22
306:21,23	257 : 17	345:18,18	390:2	runoff
306:24	reviewed	345:25 346:9,10,19	rigorous	368:20,21
response	278:7 310:11	346:9,10,19	307:9,22	369:19
263:13 273:9	313:2	348:13,19	307:9,22	runs
310:13	re-take	348:13,19	rising	363:15
responsib	338:23	348:20,21 351:5,6,8	_	rural
267:13 329:2	rhetoric	351:5,6,8 354:8	334:3	261:13
349:3,4,7	297:7 329:5	354:8 358:16	road	288:25
366:13	/ - / / -	550.10	266:1,3,12	289:2,3,5
	l	l	l	<u> </u>



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April 6, 2009

441

200.00	270.10			206.17
289:20 325:9,9	279:18	scientific	see	296:17 297:6
325:9,9	283:19	373:17	248:17 263:5	
s	284:13	scientifi	264:10	304:11
	285:2,3	375 : 15	272:1	330:7
Safe	286:19	sealed	292:12	339:16
319:9,11,12	291:8 292:2	301:14,15,16	299:9,23	340:23
319:13,14	325:3	301:19,20	303:8	349:23
319:18	342:21,23	seasons	333:15	351:10,19
330:13,15	347:16	264:20	340:19	355:10
330:17,18	348:15	seat	341:13	357 : 24
safeguard	353:15,20	335:10,14	363:6 375:5	358 : 25
335:5	353 : 22	second	386 : 12	senator
safety	says	260:18	seek	262:2 263:13
325:6 347:2	248:11	308:11	259 : 1	321:11
352 : 11	249:16	313:20	seeking	369 : 18 , 18
sale	252 : 19	317:24	264:3 290:24	send
269 : 22	277:4 279:5	325:17	seen	253:13
272 : 22	279 : 6 , 8	338:14	277 : 14	356 : 22
sat	285 : 7	374:6	286:15,18	379 : 3 , 9
252 : 22	290:21	386:14	290:11,15	sending
262:10,10	317 : 24	400:10	294:22	300:7,11
283:10	322 : 9	seconds	315:15	senior
286:14	324:21	272 : 7	366 : 6	304:6,17
satisfy	343 : 17	Secretary	367 : 23	328 : 2 , 23
336:2	344:15,21	266:22 267:6	369 : 21	sense
saturation	348:10,12	267:9	375 : 18	333:12,12
362 : 1	360:22	335:22	376 : 20	376 : 23
save	386:8	341:3	387 : 17 , 24	383:2
333:13	SB	354:19	388 : 1	389 : 22
saving	331 : 25	360:10	390:10	392:11
333:5	scale	363:22	segment	394:6
savings	288:2	364:4,11	354 : 5	sensitive
333:6,11	scheduling	387:25	segments	277:17 351:3
333:0,11 saw	265:21	388:22	323:3	351:13
283:1 285:6	272 : 24	393:24	segregated	sent
291:7	273:4,8	397:9	335:20	248:6 271:3
291:7	school	399:12	self	297:22
	259:21 260:6	Section	356:25	300:24
368:12,17 368:24	260:7,17	256:9 390:2	self-impo	391:6
368:24	270 : 22	secure	307:25	sentence
•	278:14	331:8	selling	315:19
395:8	279 : 25	security	270:7 293:11	317:24
saying	280:22	314:1 328:6	Senate	398:15
252:7 263:10	299:3 362:4	333:12	248:3 250:18	separate
264:4	schools	333:12	254:6	352:10
267:24,25	278:23	339:1 352:9 357:20	254:6 262:18	separated
271:23	science	357:20	281:6	249:21
272:2	305:25 309:2	384:15	295:10	serious
273 : 16		304:13	Z 90:10	Serrons
	·	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·



Toll Free: 800.211.DEPO Facsimile: 512.328.8139 Suite 220

3101 Bee Caves Road Austin, TX 78746 www.esquiresolutions.com

April 6, 2009

442

				442
263:8	 Sheila	372.9 388.18	single	280.19
seriously				
274:16				
366:14				
serve				
256 : 15				
served				
364:10				
402:11				
session				
291:1,5				
set				
266:12 293:5				
297:24,25				
298:6			384:16,19	
305:22			384:24	
400:22			386:5,11	
setting			388:2,20	
266:2		312:17,18	389:6 392:7	277:16
settlement		332:23	392 : 13	282 : 7
257:11,18,22		340:15	394:8 397:1	285:11,25
seven		374 : 17	397:16 , 23	294:25
250:10 251:9		376 : 25	398:2 401:5	295:4 296:9
251:14,24		silent	sit	296:13
251:14,24		260:2,3	265:10 285:7	302:3 304:1
257:18		261 : 8	site	304:5,14,18
275:11		similar	276:5	308:13,14
280:5 289:4		306:24	sites	310:8
298:4,11		365:20	276:4,13	314:12
302:5		369:24	sitting	316:19
400:15		390:14	273:3 324:15	
Seventies	351 : 12	394:23	369 : 18	
278:16	310:16,18 323:10 371:23 371:23 372:3 390:11 312:13,15 388:2,20 372:12 389:15 340:16 347:19,21 355:23 340:18 340:18 340:18 340:18 340:18 340:18 340:18 355:5,9,19 388:16 341:13 388:12 388:14,15 388:16 394:24 394:3 366:11,18 355:5,9,19 366:6:11,18			
377 : 15				
severance				
291:4	295:8 311:9			
shake				
278 : 5				
shakes	_	•		•
340:2				
share	•			
367:4 376:9	341:1 388:12		•	
Shauna	388:14 , 15			
402:5 403:9	388:16			
shed	394:24			
343:12 354:1	402:15,18			
sheer	402:21			
374:4	signatures	Z94:3 3Z4:Z5	skeptical	007.12
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>



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Suite 220 3101 Bee Caves Road Austin, TX 78746 www.esquiresolutions.com

April 6, 2009

443

358:2,6,16	354:18	325:16		355 : 8
358:18			spell	
359:4	356:22 366:20,21	330:9,19,21 330:24	353:21	358:12,12 371:21
362:15	367:1 381:2	343:11	spelled	standards
363:17,20	381:19	344:10,11	352 : 25	321:20
369:23	383:18	344:10,11	353:22	
	somewhat	346:21	354:13	standing
372:16,19 373:14		353:14	spelling	359:13
377:20	376:5	354:24	353:4	Star
389:13	soon	355:7,11	spellings	347:2,4,7
391:17	266:11	357:25	352 : 21	351:25
393:4 395:3	sorry	358:4,8,17	spend	357:14
393:4 393:3	318:24	358:4,8,1/	275 : 17	start
396:13	319:14	395:2 393:1	303:21	249:14
399:17	344:11		322 : 21	276:14
400:6 401:6	372:17	speaking	328 : 24	308:13
	383:9 384:1	273:7	384 : 17	346:24
snappers	385:2 395:2	speaks	385:5,13	353:11
252:25	399:9	389:7	386 : 12 , 18	356:4
social	sort	special	386:20 , 24	370:22
305:24 314:1	297:16,16	270:24	399 : 19	399:8
328:6	316:14	399:24	spent	started
338:25	325:1	specific	252 : 23	248:20 250:6
352:9	328 : 25	266:5,7,10	279 : 25	360:2,6,7
357 : 20	348:8 354:2	273 : 21	384:22	393 : 23
358:2,7	354:16	284:14	387 : 20	starting
society	372 : 8	336:11	spirit	258 : 10
348:3 350:8	sought	384:24	363 : 16	392:14
354:5 363:4	276 : 2 , 3	specifically	384:12	starts
363:5,13	sounded	248:10 256:6	spring	353:10
softball	372:14	266:16	255:3 276:3	state
261:17,18,21	sounds	340:9 377:9	square	254:1 257:4
289:17	315:19	382 : 3	276:4	258:13
solution	south	specifics	stadium	260:1,3
345:25	263:5 293:15	337 : 25	260:22 261:4	261:2,2,7
Solutions	325 : 9	340:16 , 25	261:5	262 : 18
403:10	speak	specified	staff	263:7,22
solve	266:9 291:21	398:15	276 : 13	264:25
258:15	374 : 17	spectrum	stand	266 : 22
somebody	393 : 2	316:2	248:15 279:4	267:2,6,9
274:4 290:8	Speaker	speculate	396:5	267:10
290:12,22	248:4 251:13	376:6 377:2	standard	271 : 22
292:9	251 : 20	395 : 9	249:2,2	275 : 21
303:14	252:10,13	speculated	293 : 17	277 : 24 , 25
313:19	252 : 15 , 21	367:14	318:5	278:14 , 19
319:7	253:4 295:2	speculating	343:14,15	279 : 7 , 8
321:18	296:6,11	392:24	343:22,23	280:4
322:20	297:10,12	speculation	343:24	283:22
344:24	302:9	367 : 16	354 : 22	284:25
	l	l	I	l



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Suite 220 3101 Bee Caves Road Austin, TX 78746 www.esquiresolutions.com

April 6, 2009

444

				444
286:17	399 : 15	360:9,10	275:14	340:6,12,21
294:23,23	400:8 402:6	368:6	stringent	studied
294.23,23	stated	393:22	310:25	313:4 322:2
303:20	367:11	394:10		
303.20		399:11	strong	376 : 15
305:2	statement		261:2 396:1	379:7
306:13,17	273:16	status	strongly	studies
306:13,17	361:19	389:1	307:5 311:25	281:3 305:25
309:10	states	statutes	struggling	308:18
310:1	254:18 256:1	390 : 5	281:9,12,13	316:5
314:13,14	257 : 7	stay	stuck	study
· ·	304:23	250:23 251:5	271 : 11	280:23 306:2
314:16 315:6	305:17,22	261:7	student	306:5
	306:11,12	273:24	255:9 275:9	307:18,21
316:22	306:15,17	staying	281:20,23	307:23
319:16	306:20,20	292 : 18	297 : 24	308:6,21
321:8,11,12	306:21,23	steal	336 : 25	309:1,3,7
329:12,13	306:24	293 : 15	338:11	309:16,19
329:15	309:21	stem	students	309:21,23
331:1,14,19	314:18,20	283:19	254:21 255:3	309:24,25
332:25	315:5,20,21	step	255:18 , 25	310:5,11,13
335:23	316:24	264:15,17	256:14,14	310:13,15
337:23	320:10,13	276:21	257:3,10,20	310:17 , 18
338:11,13	321 : 1	335 : 9	258:5 259:8	310 : 22
338:16	329 : 14 , 17	Stephen	259:19,25	311:5,7,20
339:9,11	331 : 9,15	296:1	260:9 261:8	311:21
340:7 341:3	337 : 8	Stephens	261:9,16,20	312:4,25
345:14	359 : 15 , 17	296:13 305:2	261:22	315:7,14,15
348:6	380 : 9	305:6,9	263:11 , 25	316:21
350:19	statewide	323:20,22	264:24	333:10
359:13	284:6 307:12	325:21	266 : 25	389 : 7
361:2,7,8	370 : 15	stepped	268:18	stuff
362:1,13	state's	264:23	269 : 15	341:11
363:22,24	266:22 267:6	steps	272 : 20	384:12
364:4,8,11	267 : 9	320 : 18	275 : 7	stunning
364:22	307 : 12	325:17,22	276 : 23	285:4
366:4,5	354 : 19	stick	277 : 8	subdivision
368:10,13	360:10	293:20 395:7	281:10	339 : 19
371:11	399 : 12	stigma	282:2,17	subject
375:17	state-level	326 : 20	284:21	343:8 390:2
384:5	307 : 20	stood	289:19	subjected
385:13,15	statistical		291:9,24,24	254:22
385:19,25	309:22	260:2,3	292:7	subjective
387:25	statistic	stop	297 : 13	343:21
388:11,22	306:7 312:2	284:21	298:5,23,24	submission
390:12,16	312:9,10,11	341:19	299:20	390:6
391:5	312:13,14	stopped	302:1,11,16	submissions
392:16	312:17,18	329:5	303:1 338:6	390:8
393:5,6,25	statistics	story	339:12	submit
397 : 10				
	=	=	=	-



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Suite 220 3101 Bee Caves Road Austin, TX 78746 www.esquiresolutions.com

April 6, 2009

445

				445
224.05		247.5 17	770.0 000.00	360.0 04
334:25	supporting	347:5,17	278:9 290:20	362:8,24
356:25	325:21	351:8 362:5	293:5 320:8	363:6,6,8
390:1 submitted	supports	363:9	320:15,22	366:13,18
	323:11	366:25	320:25	384:10
256:17	suppose	369:23	321:14,19	385:22,22
357:19	250:19	375:2 378:3	348:23	391:2
390:6,20	340:13	378:25	353:3	397:19
subsequently	supposed	383:24	386:17,21 386:22	taken
259:4	326:18	384:20	388:5 389:8	254:24
subsidize	supposing	386:2 388:7 388:17	394:10,23	289:12
385:16	328:17		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	327:4
substantial	suppress	389:4	systematic	348:22
296:22	281:2,6	395:10	294:17	361:18
305:12	286 : 16	400:9	345:10	403:2
395:23	307 : 6	surely	378:19	takes
subtract	316:16	296:21	systemic	358:17
333:24	320:4	surprise	388 : 6	392:22
sued	suppressive	352:12,15	T	talk
259:17	307:3	surprised		334:11,12
sufficient	supreme	288:23	tab	338:8
257:20 358:7	259:8 275:12	surprising	303:14	345:17
suffrage	275:13	388:22	tables	363:11
297:15	281:14	Surprisingly	298:7	365:15
suggest	282:19	388:21	Tailor	370:18,19
280:24 281:4	296:4,14	surrender	363:21 364:1	370 : 22
308:10	304 : 23	339:1	364:3	377:23,25
313:14	324 : 15	surrounding	373:15	383:7
316:15	328 : 25	334:20	375:12	398:11
suggested	329:7 333:4	352 : 18	377:22	talked
306:6	333:20	361 : 23	401:8	266:20
suggestions	348:19	survey	tainted	267:11
297:23 386:6	360:18 , 25	311:24 312:6	260:2 261:3	276 : 8 365 : 15
suggests	365:22	312:9	261:8	365:15 368:7
281:17	383:22	surveyed	269:16	370:12
282:25	395 : 25	306:10	303:5,5,11	370:12
307:2,5	sure	survival	303:18,19	383:13
309:13	261:3 267:7	333:8	303:23	383:13
Suite	267:24	survive	take	talking
403:11	268:8,9,13	346:23	250:5 251:1	270:6,7
summary	274:11	suspect	251:8 268:6	280:25
313:8,10	284:4 292:5	271:16,17	274:16	280:25
support	302:4	289:19	286:7,9	292 : 21
303:15 308:8	309:20	suspects	302:8	296:15
322:14,19	319:23	279:2	322:24	302:12,20
347:25	320:2 321:3	suspicious	326:6,9	320:12,20
356 : 24	321:20	277 : 18	333:2	320:12
supporters	335:15,22	279:13	341:16	337:20
287:13	345 : 22	system	342:24	557.20
	l	<u> </u>		



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April 6, 2009

446

				440
255 0 11	1 205 0	010 7 000 0	I 001 6	l., ,
355:9,11	385:9	318:7 338:2	281:6	thank
360:4	395:11	363:22	283:22	253:20
362:12	398:17	375:17	284:2	254:11
370:1	telling	389:4	291:11	261:23
377:17	272:8 273:3	testimony	293:15	274:13
386:13,21	274:1 319:8	248:12	296:16	277:15
386:23	327:2 365:6	249:21,22	297:3	294:12
387 : 1	temporarily	249:25	303:20,21	304:2,18
392:24	262:25 300:6	250 : 14	305:15	310:10
398:13	temporary	254 : 12	313:13	314:10
Tanner	289:23	261 : 25	314:2 316:9	329 : 23 , 25
270:15,17	tended	299:19,24	317:3 319:9	330:2
tape	294:20	300:1,8	319:11,12	337 : 15
301:15	tension	302:23	319:13,14	344:10
tarnished	387 : 8	304:20	319:18	345 : 16
301:6	term	310:24	320:8,12,13	349:9
Tarrant	316:21	311:12	320:21,23	351 : 21
351:23 352:3	terms	317:22,25	320 : 25	359:8 , 9
352:11	250:7 278:5	331:24	321:4,5,6	362:19 , 22
tax	287:18	332 : 4	321:22	363:18,19
279:2 323:12	295:11	334:10,10	325:9	364:5
329:4,10,15	304:9	362:18	329:12 , 15	373 : 18
329:19	308:18	373 : 16	329 : 19	375 : 16 , 19
382:10	322:13	375:13 , 18	330:13 , 15	375 : 20
taxes	340:16	382 : 18	330:17 , 18	377:18 , 22
329:11	354:23	384:9 389:7	331 : 17	377 : 23
teacher	394:17	389 : 12	332:24	379 : 6
292:1	396:2	393:5,6	336:4,6,25	389 : 11
techniques	398:15	402:9 403:2	337:8,13,21	391 : 16
309:22	test	tests	337 : 22 , 24	397 : 17
teeth	338:24	382 : 12	339 : 19	399:14,15
		Texans	340:4,7,9	400:5 401:7
283:3	343:25 testified	313:15,24	345:14	Thanks
Tel		350:22	347:1 348:6	330:3 349:8
403:12	262:17	Texas	353 : 17	theirs
Telegram	287:21	247:8 254:13	357 : 24	372:14
352:1 357:14	testify	254:17,19	359 : 18	theory
tell	248:3 249:20	254:24	361:7 , 12	386:2
261:16	254:5	255:6	362 : 5	therefor
262:19	304:11,19	257 : 16	364:15,16	402:22
290:10	321:24	258:13,21	365 : 20	thing
293:12	330:7	259:15	369 : 25	258:9 264:22
294:16	340:10	261:13	383:1 385:2	258:9 264:22
313:12	345:10	266:22	389:8,9,19	269:18
325:23	361:9	271:22	390:14	
359:10	373 : 21	271.22	391:6 400:9	272:23
364:24	374:7	278:13,17	400:10,20	283:18
365 : 25	382:20	280:4,25	402:6 403:9	284:11
366:12	testifying	200.4,20	403:11	289 : 16
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>



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April 6, 2009

447

				44/
292:20	293:22	383:11,18	367:9	390:19,20
348:7 349:5	293:22 302:10	383:11,18	throw	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
355:15	310:22	393:19		391:3,7,9 391:18,19
			261:17,21	
361:6	311:10,19	398:8,19	277:3	392:5,16,23 395:1
369:14	311:20	400:10,20	throwing	
376:21 382:2	314:3,24	thinking	261:21	396:17
•	318:24	293:14	289:17	399:25
383:12	319:18,21 319:23	346:23,24	354:14	times 293:22 294:2
things		348:17	thrown	
276:18	320:10,10	third	364:8	299:10
277:20	320:13,18	372:4 386:15	tied	352:2,2
280:15	320:22,24	thirdly	279 : 8	388:19
282:12	321:1,4,5	375 : 6	tight	399:15
288:19	321:13,23	thought	276 : 8	Timothy
289:22	323:2,2,7	251:24 264:5	time	310:24
327:21	323:12,17	272:7 300:5	248:1,9,18	tiny
333:17	323:20	300:6 309:8	248:20,20	350 : 25
336:11	324:9,23	327:3 331:5	249:13,15	tired
341:10,12	325:1,2	353:19	250:5,7,24	264:20
341:17	326:14	thousand	251:11 , 16	Toby
342:1	328:24,25	262:9,19,22	251:18,18	393:2
344:12	329:4,9	264:23	252:4,6,8	today
348:3	330:16,22	268:18	252:11	253 : 17
351 : 11	332:11	280:10	253:3,13	302:13,17
367 : 11	336:9	293:15	254:24	304:3,20
374:14	340:11,11	thousands	257 : 20	310:11
382:3 388:4	340:22	259:25 276:9	260:24,24	321 : 12
391:2	342:19	threat	268:11	327 : 5
think	343:2,11,12	332:24	271:8,9	331:24
249:6,12	343:19	threatened	274:10	332:4,12
250:23	344:23	293:1	276:8	351:22
251:8 252:2	345:21	three	285 : 12	353 : 11
252:4,5	348:1 350:3	248:10 263:1	286:4	354 : 12
262:8	350:4	276:25	289:17	355 : 12
263:17	351 : 10	283:10	304:5	359 : 10
273:11	352:13	286:21	314:11	361:9,16
274:19,20	353:9 354:2	291:2,9	322:21	364:6 365:8
276:15,19	355:21,21	294:13	326:9,15	365 : 21
276:21	356:14	297:22	330:5 339:5	366 : 15
277:1 281:8	357:7,15	349:15	339 : 7	377 : 6 , 23
281:22,24	358:8,14,22	352:2,2,10	352 : 24	383 : 18
284:24	360:1	362:15	360:2	told
285:21	361:14	373:20	362 : 16	254:25
286:23	363:11,12	386:13	363:20	266 : 18
287:24	365:6	388:19	375 : 4	272 : 15
288:4,6,10	375:23,24	396:1	377 : 19	273:21
289:13	376:6 379:9	400:17	380 : 15	276 : 2
290:5,19	380:16	three-day	387 : 20	288:21,23
	381:1,7,13			<u>'</u>
	•	•	•	•



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April 6, 2009

448

				448
202.20	1 247.21	l +	 	1 200.22 24
292:20	247:21 402:10	true	turned	288:22,24
298:2		269:6 293:13	290:10,11	295:21
338:14,17	transcript	303:12,13	298:2,3,10	297 : 22 302 : 5
338:21	402:8,20	345:15	298:11	302:5
tomorrow	transient	354:24	335:2 352:3	314:7
249:25	336:21	368:20	352:9 365:5	314:7
tonight	transients	393:18	turning	328:10
399:20	345:24	402:9	338:20	333:2,13
Tony	transport	truly	turnout	336:24
253:15	326:23	259:13	281:2,7	337:2 341:9
top	330:20	375:18	306:3 307:4	342:20,21
317:23 387:7	traumatic	truth	307:6,10,12	342:20,21
399 : 10	301:3	316:7	307:16,21	352:12
total	travel	try	307:23	358:5 361:9
248:18,19	335 : 14	292:4 294:17	308:2,7,23	365:12
312:1	364:23	302:7	309:9,13,18	371:24
368:10	385:24	362:24	311:1,6,15	395:11
370:24	traveling	363:7	311:16	399:20,21
371:4,9,11	250 : 4	trying	315:16	401:1
372:20,21	treat	252:17	316:3,16	two-day
373:4	325:24	254:15	322 : 5 361 : 14	378:15,18
394:19,20	374 : 10	263:20		380:17,23
399:3	treated	267:22	368:8,25	type
totally	345:1,2	286:20	369:8	297:12
284:15	tremendous	290:14	375:25	336:11
316:18	277 : 2	293:23	376:2,11,13 376:17	343:9 353:3
town	trial	294:1,3,4	377:7,12,13	types
260:11,12,12	367:9 388:10	297:21	395:4,15,18	335:21
260:12,14	tried	300:2 303:10	395:4,15,16	341:12
260:15,16	250:24	303:10	turnouts	typically
260:19	284:16	310:4	308:20	292:4
301:10,11	317:10	320:2 321:2	twice	typos
303:8,9	321 : 22	320:2 321:2	258:4 275:4	352:21
325:11	352 : 2	347:23	388:9	JJZ•Z1
towns	375 : 15	357:18	394:13	U U
289:5 325:9	388 : 2	359:11	twist	Uh-huh
325:9	trip	362:12	293:23	268:19 322:8
train	296:19 305:9	365:14	two	unable
275:22	335:10	381:17	248:10	253:12
386:15	336:4	395:22	250:23	324:24
trained	triple	398:6,7	250.23 251:13	336:2
385:7	388 : 12	399:4	252:4	unacceptable
training	trouble	turn	262:25	277:20
257:24 258:1	250:3 308:16	290:17,21	264:9 270:3	unclear
258:6 341:4	349 : 22	292:7	279:24,24	361:18
341:11	troubling	turnaround	283:10	uncomfort
385:6,9,21	258 : 12	307:14	286:22,22	345:15
transcribed				343:13
ı	<u> </u>	I	I	ı



Toll Free: 800.211.DEPO Facsimile: 512.328.8139

Suite 220 3101 Bee Caves Road Austin, TX 78746 www.esquiresolutions.com

April 6, 2009

449

unconstit	unfortunate	255 : 21	380:10	vigorously
305:1	367:4	updating	value	389:2
uncounted	unfortuna	374:22	366:18	Vinson
335:17	277 : 22	upheld	vantage	280:1
undermine	332:16	287:6 296:7	324:13	violate
332:17	341:18	296:12	variety	286:16
understand	346:3 390:3	use	361:17	violated
267:2,22	unfunded	252:6,8,10	various	255 : 15
268:24	276 : 18	260:18	256:4 326:23	256:25
272:13	uniformly	261:18	331 : 15	259:19
277 : 17	335:8	276:9	359 : 12	285:8 301:1
279:12	unimaginable	289:18	vary	violation
300:2,3	350 : 3	309:21	400:23	255:23 256:9
302:4,11,12	United	316:12,21	Vehicles	257 : 13
315:13	254:18 256:1	318:11	296:20 305:7	268 : 25
325:14	257 : 7	328 : 7	305:10	violations
326:8	304:23	329:21,21	verified	256:3,4
327:24	305 : 17	341:16 , 17	343:17	virtually
333:8	329:14	366:3	344:16	281:25 307:3
342:10	331:8 380:9	371 : 21	375 : 4	Volume
347:3 359:5	units	374:12	verify	247:7 401:9
359:12	386:8	379:10	355:3	voluntary
361:3 398:8	universities	usual	Vermont	256:17,18,21
understan	337:1,19,20	296:23	281:5 314:24	258 : 5
248:19,25	337 : 23	305:14	Vermont-like	volunteer
266:11	339:24	usually	315:23	257 : 24
269:5,9 279:1 283:7	340:1,18	299:8 328:13	Versalotti	289:23
308:21	university	391:22 U.S	310:24	volunteered
317:15	255:10	259:7 275:12	version	256 : 14
324:10	280:22	360:25	351 : 10	vote
329:11	299:4 307:8	364:21	versus	255 : 25
330:18	307:19	365:21	260:12 281:5	258 : 15
335:19	308:25	395:25	284:10	259 : 4 , 9
342:12	309:1 314:14,16	373.23	304:24	262:8,11
343:6,7	337:23	V	361:14	263:12,14
346:10	337:23	valid	382:5	264:1
361:11	338:1,2,11	270:9 305:19	videotape	272:20
383:5	340:4,5,20	321:20	402:10	276:23
undue	unnecessary	335:9	view	279:19
366:8 367:21	255:16	339:17,20	284:15	281:10 282:17
376 : 20	unreasonable	364:20,22	286:13	284:22
390:12	351:9	371 : 23	321:15	287:10,10
unfair	unusual	validated	324 : 13 325 : 1	287:15
250:17	326:25	270:10	views	290:15
323:12	update	validation	304:20	291:16,17
unfettered	374 : 23	269:25	304:20	291:19,22
264:1	updated	validly	J11.74	293:2
	•	_		



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Suite 220 3101 Bee Caves Road Austin, TX 78746 www.esquiresolutions.com

April 6, 2009

450

294:20 384:8 334:11 255:5 258:23 394:10,14 295:13,22 394:19,20 335:13 259:2,3,21 395:5,16,17 295:24 394:24 336:23 275:22,25 395:23	295:13,22 394:19,20 335:13 259:2,3,21 395:5,16 295:24 394:24 336:23 275:22,25 395:23 297:15 276:24 342:14,15 290:10,11 voting 298:1,5,10 316:24 342:18,22 292:5,6 254:12,16 305:13,17 360:11,13 342:23 305:1,15,18 255:15,2 305:18,22 360:17,21 343:8 345:5 306:12,13,17 256:3,9, 312:20 374:5 350:12,24 308:10 258:10,13 312:20 378:23 350:12,24 308:10 258:10,13 313:25 378:23 350:12,24 311:24,25 258:25 314:4,19 355:13,16 312:19 259:11 315:1,3 253:12,14,18 355:17,18 313:13,25 267:13 326:4,17,18 255:10,17 357:1,17,17 321:22 276:6 326:4,17,18 256:5,7,11 358:6 36:11 326:8 277:18,2 327:4,12,14 256:16,20 365:9,19,20 331:20 282:5 328:12,14 258:5,8,11 365:25 332:14,21
296:22	342:16 281:2,7 374:20 337:1,13 306:21,2 343:2 287:21 375:9,25 342:20,21 313:21 346:17 289:15 376:4,10,17 346:8 315:6 32 348:21 290:9 291:6 377:3,7 360:12 320:4,7, 351:6 302:21 383:14 362:13 320:25 354:12 305:25 385:5 367:22 321:14 356:13 306:3 307:2 386:13,16 368:4,9,10 326:7 357:10,24 307:4,6,10 386:20,21 368:25 331:11 358:19,24 307:20,23 386:23 369:4,8,17 332:13,2 359:3 308:2,5,11 387:5,11 376:12 336:16 363:14 309:13 388:14,23 377:8 378:4 337:6 366:21,21 310:25 388:24,24 394:13,22 388:10 367:1,2 310:25 388:25 400:3 339:5 368:18,20 31:1,6,6 390:14 voter's 341:19 369:10,11 31:17,22 393:13,21 342:13 346:3



Toll Free: 800.211.DEPO Facsimile: 512.328.8139

Suite 220 3101 Bee Caves Road Austin, TX 78746 www.esquiresolutions.com

April 6, 2009

451

				451
382:6 390:2	278 : 20 , 24	248:22 253:5	347:4,24	378:22
390:4,5	279 : 25	253:8 274:2	351 : 10	387 : 19
397:22	281:8 282:3	282 : 12	354 : 22	390:25
399:21,22	284:11	283:18	362:6	391:19
400:2,8,15	289 : 17	295 : 2	370 : 14	392 : 9
	290:25	297 : 10	376 : 3	weren't
W	291:13	299:19,24	379 : 25	267:23
wait	293:2,6	329 : 21	381 : 1	293:11
292:3,4	297 : 18	348 : 7	394:16	294:20
waiting	299:4 301:7	358 : 10	395:21,24	295:6
273:19	303:6,7	359:14	400:6	Wesley
walk	345:11,13	362 : 17	ways	363:21 364:1
273:23 274:6	want	363 : 5,7	326:23	364:3 401:8
293:4	248:5 252:21	377 : 23	357 : 11	we'll
314:25	254:11	395:13	weak	253:22 293:4
314.23	266:9	wanting	309:21	294:9
317:12	268:15	346:22	website	we're
walked	270:20	wants	360:11	271:11,11,12
293:7	273 : 11	289:8 293:22	399:11,12	271:11,11,12
Walker	279:9 288:1	355:22	week	272.3
248:2 352:6	288:4 289:7	wary	271:24	279:10
	290:15	311:8	349:15,16	280:18,25
walking	291:14	Washington	388:3	286:3,8
265:7 292:17	292:20			,
298:14	293:19,20	255:8 275:10	400:25	294:14
waller	295:19,20	278:9	weekend	297:10
254:4,10,17	302:4 304:9	279:17	339:6	302:7,12
255:14,23	308:14	324:6	weekly	303:13
256:2,4,8	314:12,17	392 : 17	333:5,16	319:23
256:12,25	317:21	wasn't	weeks	320:1,1
257:8,11,17	318:14	269:10	276:25 401:1	321:14
257 : 23	340:15	278:17	welcome	325:25
258:3,7,20	353:14	335:23	253 : 21	329:17
259:9,17,18	353:14 355:23	339:9	well-known	348:2
260:6,8,20	355:23 356:11,14	361:25	318:15	351:12 , 14
261:5,18,21		watch	went	351:19
262:21	357:5,12	267 : 3	260:14,14	355:11
263:19,21	358:18	way	271 : 25	377:17
264:12,14	359 : 10	249:22	276 : 22	380:11
267:16	362:7	275 : 12	279:3 280:3	397:18
269:1,3	369:23	280:2,3,20	280:4	400:10
270:21,24	372:17	281:2	281:23	we've
271:23	375:16	286 : 24	285:5,6	252 : 24
274:21	378:3	290:12	291:1,5	283 : 24
276:1,16,22	384:11	315 : 3	303:8,9	285 : 23
277 : 12	389:3 390:9	316:16	335:16,17	286:24
278:14,15	393:4	317:3 320:7	338:19,20	288 : 18
278:16,18	398:11	330 : 13	338:21	308:21 , 25
278:18,19	wanted	344:13	376:3	309:7 321:7
<u>'</u>				
	-	-	-	-



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Suite 220 3101 Bee Caves Road Austin, TX 78746 www.esquiresolutions.com

April 6, 2009

452

				452
201-10	1 200-02	242-05	1 200-04	200-2-4
321:10 350:1	380:23 wish	343:25	322:24	398:3,4
364:24		work	355:23	years
	251:3,4	312:23	382:2	254:15
365:2,2	252:19	331:22	would've	255:20
367:8 370:2	313:18	332:5	376:5	260:16,25
375:10	317:19	359:11,12	Wright	264:10
384:2,5,22	withholding	359:14,15	369:19	268:5,23
390:9 393:5	265 : 8	359:16 , 21	write	275:12,16
393:20	witness	359:23	367 : 19	278:21,22
395:8	248:9,13	360:5 361:2	writing	285:5 299:6
wherewithal	250:9 252:6	worked	287 : 18	303:10
289 : 21	252:8,10	288 : 19	written	323:21
whipper	274 : 22	294:17	257 : 25	324:10,15
252 : 25	310:9	302:11	310:23	324 : 16
white	330:10,11	331:16	327 : 25	326:10
260:11,12,14	343:21	worker	334:10	352 : 7,24
260:16 , 17	376:2 389:5	344:16 345:8	338:24	353 : 10
260:19	393:2	355:2 385:6	wrong	356 : 3
275:9	402:12	workers	261:7 276:21	367 : 22
283 : 25	witnesses	275 : 22	277:1 283:2	398:15,19
284 : 5	248:13,19	289:23,24	284:15	399:20,21
294:20	250:3,6,15	289:24	320:1,20	year's
303 : 8	251:1,4,9	290:3	354:13	365 : 23
306:10,12	251:10,15	295:11	367 : 20	York
322 : 10	251 : 17 , 22	331:18	wrongdoing	280 : 22
324:3,14	252:3,17,20	334:24	268:24 283:8	young
331:12	253:16	335:7 344:2	wrongfully	252:25 291:2
338:17 , 18	302:5	354 : 17	262:7	363 : 2
343 : 25	362 : 25	385:7,21	wrote	younger
345:5	363:1	working	263:10,13,18	250:22
369 : 11	woke	277:2 291:3	263:25	you-all
whites	274:1	359:17	272:19	252 : 16
328:21	woman	388:11	274:23	261:17,20
white-only	352:1 357:23	works	296:4,13	297:24
382:10	358:20	347:17	323:20	353:20
wide	Women	worse	339:2	362:5 364:5
299:2	287:20	281:15	367 : 25	374:10
widely	wondered	282:20	367:23	375:7,7
255:18	361:4,5	284:23	3/0.3	386:9,24
wife	wondering	worth	Y	
273:21	386:9	252:2 299:16	Yeah	\$
wiggle	woods	351:25		\$1.3
344 : 23	•	351:25 353:18	267:7 323:6	280:1
William	353:16,25	357:14	330:16	\$100,000
	word	wouldn't	372:19	398:19
281:23,24	344:5 379:20		year	\$15
Williamsburg	words	288:24	284:7 304:23	'
281:25	284:20	311:19	311:15	333:22,24
window	296:15	313:12	326:9 364:8	\$2
	I	l	I	I



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Suite 220 3101 Bee Caves Road Austin, TX 78746 www.esquiresolutions.com

April 6, 2009

453

333:6,6	1,181	328:20	374:18	257:21,24
\$230,000	378:8	349:13	401:9	257:21,24
260:14 303:8	10	364:25	2,000	271:10,11
\$49.1	248:14	375:11	394:22 395:6	275:5,5
260:20 303:8	265:19,25	384:2	395:19	276:24
\$49.3	277:10	396:21	2.2	334:13,17
259:20 260:2	315:4	17	371:10	360:14,16
260:13	327:11	261:5 278:21	2.7	361:23
262:23	335:11	278:22	314:19 316:2	362:10
202.23	399:22	17th	20	368:8,22
0	1001	257 : 6	254:15 268:5	369:7,8,10
00019	403:11	17,366	302:7	371 : 7
371:4	11	372:21 378:6	2000	2009
0003	261:9 262:1	17-millio	307:21	247:10 262:1
373:4	294:7	260:22	334:13	262 : 18
03	11th	18	360:11	294:7
403:12	262:18	328:23	2002	307 : 18
04	1181	1950	305:17 307:7	2012
263:17,24	372 : 22	302:13	321:11	247:21 403:6
282:15,18	380:22,24	1964	2004	209
283:1	12	317:12 329:6	263:4 274:23	402:3
05	261:9 375:6	1965	275:1,4	230,000
396:17	375 : 10	255:15 390:3	282:12	260 : 21
06	12/31/2012	1972	292:25	24
263:18 264:1	403:10	275:9 283:19	306:3 315:9	369:13
264:4,6	13	283:22	360 : 12	24th
392:2	250 : 9	1976	368:23	329:14
396 : 17	14	278:20	369:6	25
07	392:14	1979	2005	268:23 282:5
392:2 396:18	14th	259:9 275:13	281:14 334:2	289:5 325:9
396 : 25	332:17	1990	360 : 1	328 : 15 , 16
08	140	317:6	2006	385 : 2
377 : 1	369:8	1990s	253:16 283:9	253
09	15	317 : 17	283:9 307:7	291:14
283:12	247:21 251:2	1994	307 : 21	254
	268:5	321:8	364:18	275 : 23
1	296:15	1997	365:14,16	28
1	322:10	365 : 17	388:8 390:6	314:18
260:15	15th	390:13	391:22,25	
267:15 , 16	332:18 403:5	392:14	2007	3
272:1 279:5	1500		266:23	3rd
279:6	325 : 11	2	364:11 365:1 367:9	248:7
368:25	155	2	388:10	3,000-dollar
1st	371:18,19	247:7 307:13	391:1,23	276:6
257:24	159	309:13 , 17	2008	3.9
1,000	400:11	322:6	254:14 255:2	368:11
291 : 6	16	367:21	256:1 257:6	372:20
			250.1 257.0	378:3,4
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April 6, 2009

454

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204 44 40			260.16	
394:11,19	49.1	289:24	360:16	
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248:18,22,24	49.3-mill	259:13	368:21	
249:1	270:21	7:00	800	
402:19		401:2,2,2	298:4,11	
30(f)(1)	5	70	379 : 12 , 12	
402:15	5	360:13	379 : 16	
30-minute	256:9 390:2	700,000	380:5 384:8	
362 : 16	5,000	368:11	805	
308	281:10	71	403:11	
372:25 373:1	5.8	360 : 17	810,000	
378:10	368:9	369:10	313:24	
3200	50	713) 524-4600	82	
276:24	315:5 324:10	403:12	284:8	
330579	525	720		
247:1	276:4	399:20	9	
35	54	75	9	
275 : 15	260:25 285:5	368:8 377:7	322:10,13	
362	303:10	7500	365 : 2	
248:3 250:18	57	370:25 371:1	371 : 12	
254:6	322:9 360:12	371:8	385 : 4	
304:12	58	7541	90	
330:8	322:13	370:24	284:8	
331:25	322.13	76	900	
3786	6	282:13	394:10,15	
403:9	6	77002	92	
394	247:10 402:3	403:11	368 : 17	
394:12,15	6th	79	373:21,25	
395:20	248:8	281:14	398:6,8	
	6:55	282:19	94	
4	326:3	202.19	321:10	
4th	60	8	97	
263:4	302:13 391:3	8	370:2 392:9	
40	302:13 391:3	328:21	393:21	
250:14	600	368:19,19	396:16	
394:15	276:23	369:12	98	
409		8,000	352 : 7	
370:24 371:1	65	275:23	98-year-old	
370:24 371:1	369:12	8.3	352:1	
42	66		99	
369:11	360:13	394:12,20	325:11 356:3	
45	67	395:4,20	323.11 330.3	
324:15	360:11	8:00		
397:25	7	270:25 401:2		
397:25	·	8:05		
398:1	7th	273:19 274:3		
400:1	248:8	80		
400.1	7-dollar	352 : 24		



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TEXAS HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

COMMITTEE MEETING ON ELECTIONS

APRIL 6, 2009

TRANSCRIBED ON APRIL 15, 2012



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CHAIRMAN SMITH: At this time the Chair calls Mary Scott, who is speaking on behalf of the Associated -- American Association of Retired Persons of Texas to testify against Senate Bill 362.

MS. SCOTT: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, and members of the committee.

My name is Mary Scott, and I am the AARP

Texas state president and a 44-year resident of Fed for

Texas in Tarrant County.

AARP is a nonprofit, nonpartisan organization dedicated to addressing the needs and interests of Americans age 50 and older.

AARP has 2.4 million members here in Texas, and they vote in high numbers. I've been a volunteer with AARP for many years. I've served on AARP's National Policy Council and the National Board of Directors.

I'm also a life-long Texan, and I'm old enough to be a Texan who paid a poll tax for over a decade when I first started voting.

I worked with members of my generation to eliminate the poll tax, and we do not want to see barriers erected to prevent people from voting, which would replace those things we fought so hard to get rid of.



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Now, you might wonder why is AARP interested in Texas' and other states' election laws. So, I especially appreciate the opportunity to speak with you today about our interest in those laws.

AARP views the right to vote as the most basic of rights and encourages steps to engage all eligible voters in the process.

In spite of these efforts, voter turnout in Texas remains alarmingly low. In 2006, the last gubernatorial election in Texas, only one in three registered voters cast their vote.

In 2008, the last presidential election, only 45 percent of the voting age population in Texas cast their vote.

Now, given the low turnout rates in Texas and across the United States, AARP would like to see law makers do more to encourage participation in the whole election process.

Older voters vote in disproportionately high numbers. About one half of the voters in the November, 2006 and in the recent presidential elections were over the age of 50, and AARP believes fair and simple procedures help to maintain this high level of participation in the Democratic process.

AARP does not support procedures that



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reflect partisan bias or that permit arbitrary or discriminatory reviews or voter challenges that may discourage turnout by older voters.

Of particular concern today are efforts to enact voter ID requirements. AARP believes voter ID laws, as enacted in other states, serve to discourage, rather than encourage, participation of older voters in the election process.

These requirements harken back to the days before the Voting Rights Act when many people were disenfranchised and they were barred from voting by formal and informal measures, such as the poll taxes and literacy tests.

At first glance, this type of voter ID law that we're talking about may sound simple. It may appear harmless. However, voter ID requirements pose a real barrier for senior voters, who are our most faithful voters.

It's not uncommon for birth certificates to be lost and passports to expire. Fire, a move, a hurricane or misplaced documents can all result in the absence of the numerous documents typically required by voter ID laws in other states.

With a voter ID requirement in place, the wait time required to replicate the documents could,



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even without the cost involved, disenfranchise a voter who has the misfortune to be without a birth certificate or passport shortly before an election.

Further, allowing alternate forms of ID does not make voter ID less onerous. Older citizens who are living in a retirement or assisted living facility may not even have an electricity bill or a phone bill in their own names, and even if those documents are readily available, people just don't carry them around in their pockets.

But I think stories of real people make cases and principles come alive, so, I want to tell you about Antonio. He's a 50 year old Katrina evacuee who settled in Fort Worth, and his -- I want to tell you about his nearly two-year odyssey to get a Texas state issued photo ID.

Antonio had no idea what he was in for when he first went to the closest Texas DPS office to get a Texas state ID card. He and his wife stayed in Fort Worth after being evacuated before Katrina, and Fort Worth is now home to them.

His ID ordeal started when he realized that he should obtain a Texas state issued photo ID card just before his Louisiana driver's license expired. Little did he know it would take an intelligent, educated 50



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year old employed American citizen and veteran a year and a half and many miles to get that increasingly important state issued photo ID.

When Antonio first went to the DPS, he took his still valid Louisiana issued state photo ID card, his original Social Security card and his retired military photo ID card issued by the U.S. government.

He waited in the usual lines only to be told he didn't have the proper documentation of his identity. I don't really think he had access to the Internet to read those five pages on the DPS web site that tell you what the requirements are.

Surprisingly, neither his Louisiana state issued photo ID nor his Social Security card was considered primary identification, nor are they secondary identification. In Texas, they are mere support for identification.

Antonio's retired military photo ID card apparently isn't any kind of identification at all as far as Texas is concerned.

So, he was told to go on his way and return when he had proper documentation. Well, it took him time to obtain his birth certificate from Georgia, where he was born, and when he did get it, he walked back to the same office with it, with his Louisiana photo ID,



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his original Social Security card and his retired U.S. military photo ID.

Once again, he waited in line. The clerk carefully looked over his documents and then decided that the last letter of his first name looked to her like an A and not an O, even though the certificate was describing the birth of a male child.

Discussion of all the different forms of ID that he had ensued but in the end, it was clear no amount of reasoning was going to convince the clerk that this was actually his birth certificate.

The clerk did suggest that since he was a veteran, he could use his military records. So, getting those military records took time.

When that one finally arrived, he walked again back to the same DPS office with the military records, his Louisiana photo ID, his original Social Security card and his retired U.S. military photo ID card and the certified copy of his birth certificate.

He thought this time would be it but in the time it took him to get his military papers, the driver's license division had changed their rules.

Military papers were not good enough.

This time the clerk's best suggestion to Antonio was that he go to court and get his name changed



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to Antonia to match the clerk's opinion of the handwriting -- the handwritten name on his birth certificate.

So, he was again told to go away and return when he had proper identification. Well, he had finally had enough and he asked to speak to the sergeant in charge.

He was told the sergeant was not in that day and again was told to return when he had proper documentation. Well, just then the sergeant walked in the door.

A personal appeal from one veteran to another resulted in a phone call, and he finally -- the sergeant called Austin and he finally got a Texas ID.

I was struck by how easy it would be for a clerk to turn away someone who had the same circumstances that Antonio did or to turn them away because they didn't think that the race or the gender or the national origin looked good to them.

The issues being addressed in this discussion are essentially an effort to strike a balance between preventing election fraud and protecting and maximizing our citizens' right to vote.

Where fraud exists, of course, it should be prosecuted and punished but to date there's been little,



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if any, evidence of such fraudulent activities.

Without that evidence in the Texas election system, there's no justification to jeopardize senior Texans' rights to vote. Implementing new barriers to voting, like voter ID requirements, seem to be a solution in search of a problem.

We face some very serious challenges in Texas today. AARP has all of these pages of priority bills. We have a population -- a quarter of our population who lack health insurance. We have mounting job losses.

And we would really like to see our legislature use its time in Austin -- its limited time on something that actually is an issue.

So, I urge the Texas legislature to address the real issues facing Texas families and to address the real challenges in our election system.

The right to vote, along with full and fair representation in the election process, is the most basic of all political rights and it should be protected.

Many of those who will be disenfranchised by this legislation are those who most depend on government to protect their rights.

So, please help to protect their right to



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vote for you and other elected officials who have the power to make such a difference in their lives.

Thank you.

CHAIRMAN SMITH: Thank you, Ms. Scott.

I'm going to be especially nice to this
constituent since she's -- I mean this witness since
she's mine.

We thank you for taking the time to come down here today and share our views with the committee.

I want to ask you a few questions. I presume -- and I don't expect you to have done this and I'm presuming that a part of the mechanism by which you determined the official position of the AARP of Texas does not involve polling the 2.4 million members that you have in Texas, is that fair?

MS. SCOTT: That's fair. The association does a lot of polling of our members and of the public but I don't think that we've actually done a poll of our membership in Texas.

We are kind of like -- we're kind of in the same situation you are. They write to us. We have had responses since the Senate committee of the whole met and all -- practically all those responses have been positive about our presentation and the position we have taken, and I think that's the situation you're often in.



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You're going to hear from them if they don't like what you do.

CHAIRMAN SMITH: Do you think it's possible that if you were to poll the 2.4 million members in your organization and ask them even the question which is not necessarily at issue today and, that is, do you think that a photo identification should be a requirement in the State of Texas, do you think it's possible that a majority of them would answer that question in the affirmative?

MS. SCOTT: I have no way of answering that except to just say that the responses we have had since the Senate action have indicated that we would probably have them taking the same position we do but that's just speculation.

that -- again, you know, the story that you tell about Antonio and his horrible experience with the Texas bureaucracy is -- is -- is horrible, and I think everybody on the committee here is sympathetic with the situation that any Texan sometimes faces when they are dealing with our bureaucracy in a variety of context but, again, just as with the 98 year old woman and the four star telegram where it is a wonderful illustration of why I might disagree with some of my Republican



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colleagues about a hard and fast photo identification requirement, it also embedded in the story indicated that Antonio had a Social Security card despite the fact that he was a hurricane victim and an evacuee, which would be -- you know -- which would be all that was required under this provision or this particular legislation to allow him to vote.

And I think that's, again, an important distinction to make between the Indiana law and the law that is before us tonight as proposed by the Senate.

Any questions, members?

Yes, Representative Brown.

REPRESENTATIVE BROWN: Just one comment. I think Antonio's story just points to the fact that we could -- we could pass the most perfect law in the world but those people who are out there implementing, we're dependent on them doing the right thing and, you know, imperfect people make bad decisions sometimes.

You know, we have to depend on those people out there to enforce our laws or to implement them, and so, just because of this bad experience, regardless of how bad it was, it doesn't necessarily mean that that's something that we don't want to pursue but thank you for coming.

CHAIRMAN SMITH: Representative Dr. Allen.



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REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: Thank you, Mary, for coming today and thank you for being up late with us. I know us AARP members go to bed at 10:00 o'clock.

MS. SCOTT: Not these.

REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: And your story of Antonio was a very poignant story. It happens all the time, so, with that in mind, is the training and the notice in the bill sufficient to assure older Texans to be -- to make them aware of the new requirements? Do you think the training that they mentioned in the bill and the notice and I think it goes out on the back of the registration card?

MS. SCOTT: I think we would still have problems with that. I'm not satisfied that that would be enough to help people overcome the barriers. We are just opposed to erecting any more barriers to voting.

REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: What do you think would be a barrier for a senior citizen or older citizen to get an ID, other barriers, say, for example, like Antonio?

MS. SCOTT: Well, I think you're looking at people who may not have transportation to go and get that first photo ID if they don't have it. They may no longer be driving.

I think we're probably looking at a fair



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417 1 size population who find even -- you know, this still 2 would be expensive for them if they had to get their 3 birth certificate, if they had to pay for that ID, 4 although I know it's a reduced rate when you're over 65, 5 I believe it is, but we still feel that there would be particular barriers for people who are older. 6 7 REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: Okay. I'll even 8 go to the Medicare card, which was one of the forms of 9 identification that you can use. Does Texas issue a Medicare card? 1.0 MS. SCOTT: Well, the Medicare card comes 11 12 from the U.S. government, just like your Social Security card does. 13 14 REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: One of the other 15 things, do all Social Security recipients get their 16 Social Security check in the mail? I don't. 17 MS. SCOTT: No. I -- at one time, I think 18 there -- I'm not sure whether this actually happened. 19 There was a proposal that they could no longer receive 20 them by mail. 21 REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: Right. 22 MS. SCOTT: But many of us do not get them 23 by mail. REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: 24 They go straight 25 into their account.



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MS. SCOTT: They go straight -- direct deposit and special accounts were set up so those people had access to that much banking.

REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: Do you have knowledge to other states who implemented the photo ID and some of the problems they may be having?

MS. SCOTT: Personally, I have not been involved in that but I do know which states AARP has litigation or been active with. We did file a brief in the Indiana case. We -- our litigation unit has served as co-counsel in the Georgia and Arizona cases and filed Amicus briefs in Missouri and Michigan cases.

So, AARP's litigation department has been quite involved in those states, and I'm sure that there was advocacy action, too, as those proposals came up in the legislatures.

REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: I heard you mention the -- both persons residing in a nursing home --

MS. SCOTT: Uh-huh.

REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: -- may or may not have a utility bill. They do not have a utility bill because their utilities are covered under their rents or whatever they pay, am I right?

MS. SCOTT: That's right.



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419 1 REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: That's not a --2 MS. SCOTT: And they may not even have phone 3 service. 4 REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: That's true. 5 MS. SCOTT: And someone who is perhaps on Medicaid would not have the money to pay for a money. 6 7 REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: Absolutely. 8 Absolutely. Because some of those checks are pretty 9 small, aren't they? 1.0 MS. SCOTT: They are. 11 REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: They are. Mine 12 is \$62. 13 CHAIRMAN SMITH: Ms. Scott, does every 14 senior citizen -- everyone over 65 receive a Medicare 15 card? 16 MS. SCOTT: You know, I'm not sure. I know 17 you have to apply for it. 18 CHAIRMAN SMITH: Okav. 19 MS. SCOTT: So, if you don't apply, you 20 wouldn't have it. So, I wouldn't know what the 21 percentages are on those --22 CHAIRMAN SMITH: That do not apply? 23 MS. SCOTT: Who do not apply. It's a very small percentage who do not apply or who do not apply 24 25 for Social Security.



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420 1 CHAIRMAN SMITH: Sure. And, you know. 2 trying to imagine -- while I presume there are a number 3 of situations where we can point to individuals who do 4 not have some form of photo identification on the list, 5 I don't know that that really is fair because I think the question is how many do not have any form of 6 7 identification on the list, and you would agree with me that insofar as we're talking about people in nursing 8 9 homes, et cetera, who may not get a water bill or an 1.0 electric bill, you don't -- do you know of any that do not have a Medicare card? 11 12 (Inaudible.) MS. SCOTT: Unless -- unless the teacher 13 14 themselves paid into Social Security or their spouse 15 did. 16 (Inaudible.) 17 MS. SCOTT: That's the Social Security. 18 However, they're eligible for the Medicare benefits 19 under the spouse's record. 20 CHAIRMAN SMITH: So, they do get Medicare. 21 Everybody over 65 is entitled to get Medicare --22 MS. SCOTT: That's right. 23 CHAIRMAN SMITH: -- to the extent that they 24 apply? 25 MS. SCOTT: That's right.



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CHAIRMAN SMITH: Is that right? Okay. And that is one of the things you can add in addition to your voter's registration card.

(Inaudible.)

CHAIRMAN SMITH: Not Social Security.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: But you get Medicare.

CHAIRMAN SMITH: Not Social Security.

Different than Medicare.

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MS. SCOTT: Yeah. Now teachers -- in fact, we were doing that before I retired -- pay in to Medicare, which makes them eligible to receive Medicare benefits. It's not just on the spouse record, although many of them are. They pay the Medicare tax, so, they can receive the benefit.

CHAIRMAN SMITH: Do you know any senior citizen who does not have any of the documents in addition to the voter registration card listed among the non -- nonphoto identification documents that would be allowed under this law?

MS. SCOTT: Personally, I don't. You know, you and I live in a very nice area. Most of my friends are not some of the ones that we're concerned about in other areas. And so, I think I just safely could not say that.

I do know some people who are no longer able



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422 1 to drive and who don't hear well. And so, those people 2 may no longer have what we consider the main photo ID. 3 CHAIRMAN SMITH: And with regard to that 4 category of senior citizens that are past the driving 5 phase, I presume a large number of those people are already voting, to the extent that they do vote, by 6 7 absent ballot, is that fair? 8 MS. SCOTT: Yes, unless they get someone to 9 take them to the polls. 10 CHAIRMAN SMITH: Right. And you do 11 understand that there's nothing in this law that changes 12 the requirements for absentee ballots? 13 MS. SCOTT: Right. 14 CHAIRMAN SMITH: Do you understand that? 15 MS. SCOTT: I quess I do. I've read the 16 bill but I'm not just familiar with --17 CHAIRMAN SMITH: I'm representing to you 18 that doesn't change at all. 19 MS. SCOTT: I accept. 20 CHAIRMAN SMITH: Who's next? Representative 21 Anchia? Representative Helfin? 22 Yes, ma'am. REPRESENTATIVE HELFIN: 23 there was provisions here -- first, let me ask this 24 And our population seems to be -- our 25 youngers are getting older and our olders are getting



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423 younger. Most people 65 and younger these days would 1 2 have some form of identification. Would that be a fair 3 statement? 4 MS. SCOTT: I think that would be true. 5 think we would still have some cases where the identification might be questioned, like if you have 6 7 people who have become homeless. 8 REPRESENTATIVE HELFIN: The gentleman you mentioned, some problem? 9 1.0 MS. SCOTT: Yeah, some problem like that. Ι 11 don't have any idea how many of those there are. 12 REPRESENTATIVE HELFIN: So, if there was a provision that exempted people born after 1944, which 13 14 would be basically 65, would that be a provision that we 15 could work with the older population? And we want to 16 make sure we guaranty their right to vote because my dad 17 fought in World War II, and I think that was very 18 important to him. 19 MS. SCOTT: Well, my concern there would be 20 how would you find out how old they actually are --21 REPRESENTATIVE HELFIN: That's true. 22 MS. SCOTT: -- without requiring some identification? 23 24 REPRESENTATIVE HELFIN: Maybe an affidavit 25 or something.



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424 1 MS. SCOTT: So, it seems to me you still 2 would require some identification or some manner of 3 determining the age if you're going to place it on that 4 basis. 5 REPRESENTATIVE HELFIN: Okay. But that would be a consideration we should probably look at, 6 7 would you -- would you agree with that statement? MS. SCOTT: Well, I hate to dictate to you 8 9 what you need to look at. 10 REPRESENTATIVE HELFIN: Agree with. Thank 11 you. 12 CHAIRMAN SMITH: Representative Anchia, did 13 you have questions? 14 REPRESENTATIVE ANCHIA: No. 15 CHAIRMAN SMITH: Any questions from any 16 members? 17 We're going to let you off easy. Okay. 18 MS. SCOTT: Fine. Thank you. 19 CHAIRMAN SMITH: I hope you're not driving 20 back tonight. 21 MS. SCOTT: Not tonight. 22 CHAIRMAN SMITH: Good. You all drive 23 safely. MS. SCOTT: 24 Thank you. 25 CHAIRMAN SMITH: All right. At this time



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425 1 the Chair calls Gary Bledsoe, who is authorized to speak 2 on behalf of the Texas NAACP, and is testifying against 3 Senate Bill 362. 4 MR. BLEDSOE: Mr. Chairman, how are you? 5 CHAIRMAN SMITH: I'm doing fine. How are 6 you? 7 MR. BLEDSOE: Pretty good. Thank you very much. 8 9 CHAIRMAN SMITH: Please state your name and 10 who you represent. 11 MR. BLEDSOE: My name is Gary Bledsoe. 12 represent the NAACP of Texas. 13 CHAIRMAN SMITH: Okay. Thank you. Please 14 proceed. 15 Okay. MR. BLEDSOE: Thank you. 16 I'd like to commend the members of the 17 committee for spending a great deal of time on this 18 issue. 19 I'd like to give a bit of background about the NAACP so you will understand more so what our 20 21 position is and how we've arrived at our position. 22 You know, we're a nonpartisan organization. 23 We try to get both parties to compete for the African American vote. That's essentially what our mission is. 24 25 And, you know, back years ago when Steve



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Rowlands had introduced a bill that required various requirements regarding absentee ballots, we were very much opposed to that. We gave testimony against that legislation.

We knew that it was going to end up being a real nightmare for African Americans and Latinos, and it ended up being just that, and I would put this bill in the same category as we do the Rowlands bill.

I think in understanding that dynamic in why we feel the way that we do, we have to look at the history, even the recent history of the African American vote throughout the State of Texas.

What we've done, knowing that the Voting Rights Act was going to be up for extension three years ago, we held a number of hearings around the state to identify voting irregularities and issues relating to voter intimidation.

And also during each election cycle, we have a statewide election hotline where we have lawyers and law students that man the -- that man or person the line to handle issues that arise around the state.

And let me say very clearly, there -- there are enormous problems relating to intimidation of African American voters that continue to happen. I want to describe some of those for you because I think



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they're -- they're important.

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If we look, for example, in -- and we've seen hate crimes in Wharton County where individuals who happen to be Anglo elected officials supporting African American sheriff's candidate had their home burned down simply because they were supporting the African American candidate, and received a number of hate calls.

We have a number of instances in various counties where individuals were registered to vote and were not allowed to vote, were not given provisional ballots.

We have had a number of instances where individuals were wrongfully purged from rolls. We've had a number of instances where individuals were directed to the wrong polling places so that they would not ultimately be able to vote.

We've had a number of instances where individuals -- this past election in Bell County in particular, there were a number of conflicts between individual voters and individuals who were running the actual polling sites.

I know that state law changed the way that individuals are selected to run and handle different polling location has been changed and there has been some serious animosity in a number of communities



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between those individuals running the polling sites and African American voters, and we are very concerned with all of this information.

And there's just -- there's just so much more, you know, with the use of police, the use of mailboxes and putting intimidation mailers in individual mailboxes in Tarrant County, saying if you show up to vote, we're going to have you arrested if there's an outstanding warrant, giving people misinformation about whether a person who has served their time on a felony, whether parole or probation, when they're off time, you're able to vote in Texas, with putting misinformation in mailboxes. It goes on and on.

And one of the problems we've had at a number of polling sites is that in minority polling sites, there are too few ballots that are actually given, and so, you find when there are too few ballots and there are not enough polling stations at the polling sites, this causes lines to be very long.

And we know that when you have a community of working persons that that community doesn't have indefinite periods of time in which to be there and to vote, and so, therefore, when they're there, if it takes more time, then that's going to be problematic.

And one thing that is absolutely clear is



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that when you require each person to come up with some kind of identification, that's going to require a lot more time.

We're not convinced that there is a problem. You know, when I looked at the -- the Bowl analysis with this legislation, the Bowl analysis said that the problem that we're trying to correct is that with voter registration, there's no requirement for identification, so, this lends itself to a potential problem with actual voting.

So, I said, well, if the problem is with voter registration, why not look to fix the problem at that level, like Dr. Allen mentioned earlier with voter registration because once you require this kind of voter identification, you're going to have to have it every single election.

And I can just wonder how negative of a -this will impact the African American vote with election
officials who don't have their best interest at heart
being given the power and authority to make the
judgments about whether or not they are entitled to
vote, whether it's a difference in just one letter in
the name, whether someone is not being able to read your
handwriting.

And I know one of the things I heard earlier



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was about well -- and I guess with Florida, if you check the handwriting and if the handwriting turns out to be okay, then you allow the individual to vote. Well, you know, we don't have individuals who are trained as handwriting -- forensic handwriting analysts. So, we have lay people that are going to make decisions about whether the handwriting is correct. I think that's ripe with potential problems.

You know, it reminds me kind of in Venezuela when I went down as an official election observer in those elections, they had these kinds of processes, and I was thinking we shouldn't be moving where they are, they should be moving towards where we are but -- and it was a very intimidating experience to see the kinds of things that they actually did there in their elections.

But when we -- when I sat down and I went through the bill to look at what was in the bill that would be problematic, and there's a great deal in the bill that would be problematic.

Number one, the wording of the affidavit would be intimidating to many people because you're making some very strong statements because sometimes people are wrongfully purged. Sometimes maybe there's a mistake but the way the affidavit has to be written, you have to state that you are registered to vote there and



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you authorize a vote in that election, and in the hands of the wrong kind of district attorney or what have you, that could be a serious problem.

Secondly, I think that when we look at the types of identification that are required, especially the alternative identification, really both kinds, I think we find that in terms of the photo IDs that are allowed that will allow someone to vote, those seem to be biased towards members who are conservative voters.

The types of identification that many of the people that we're seeking to represent and to say that they should be able to vote and not have additional impediments placed between them and voting, those types of identification are not there. So, it seems as though there is a design in how this is actually written for that to be problematic.

I think, too, in looking at the bill, the bill could have -- well, I think -- my time is about to expire here but let me say that very clearly I don't think there's any doubt that this bill will undermine the African American voter.

I think if this bill is adopted, I don't know what the future would hold except I can say I feel very clearly that the NAACP would file an objection with the Department of Justice, and I can't say that things



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would be different at this Department of Justice but I do know that -- that when the judger law was pre cleared, it went through the Bush Department of Justice and, you know, sadly, all of the Department of Justices that have happened before, whether it was under Reagan, Bush or Clinton or what have you, there seemed to be certain things that were within a safe area that people didn't seem to tread upon, that seemed to say this is what American -- what we expect but I think in the Bush Justice Department, that completely changed and even issues such as the Texas Congressional Restricting Plan that was pre cleared and there really wasn't a basis for that.

So, I'm hoping now that the Justice

Department will give a lot more objective and thorough look at it. I realize that if this passes and goes up to the Supreme Court, it will probably be a 5/4 vote. I think we probably all understand that but I think that this is clearly distinguishable from the Indiana situation. Texas is a Section 5 state.

Thank you.

CHAIRMAN SMITH: All right. You know, you mentioned and so many witnesses have mentioned this question about ballot names being misspelled and so forth, so, after he finishes, I'd like to have Ms.



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McGeehan come up and I want to ask her some questions about that.

I believe Representative Hochberg maybe even filed a bill that you testified on earlier this session, so, if you can recall that testimony, I want to ask questions about that.

Okay. Now, I'm starting the clock on your question period, which we'll be glad to extend as necessary.

MR. BLEDSOE: Thank you, sir.

CHAIRMAN SMITH: The -- when you talk about false information being put in African Americans' mailboxes about when to vote or where to vote or, you know, a fewer numbers of voting apparatus or whatever it was that caused longer lines in certain voting places than other voting places, I mean, it surely -- hopefully -- tell me I'm not wrong -- I mean, there's some -- if that's happening, to the extent that there are longer lines where you vote than where -- where Anglos vote in my area, is there not recourse available to you to the extent that this is happening on a regular basis to do something about it?

MR. BLEDSOE: The -- there -- there is not adequate resource -- recourse in terms of how things must take place.



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For example, if -- if it involves a specific election, you are going to have to show, if the election has already been completed, that the election outcome would have been different if things had been provided for that particular election precinct.

I think that in terms of -- if -- if it is ongoing, it's going to require money, it's going to require someone to be able to get a lawyer and go and file a lawsuit and get a judge to extend the time that the polling place is going to be open, requiring an election official to send more ballots over, to give more polling sites.

So, that's something that not everyone has the ability to do. That's something that's very difficult and complicated. You've got to have a good judge. You've got to have resources. I think those things clearly would violate the law but, you know, one of the things that you have to prove and many of the laws that are on the books is that these were intentionally decisions by officials and not just a -- something that might have been a mistake, and that is a problem as well.

CHAIRMAN SMITH: Are you or are you not -I'm not clear really on this. Are you saying that you
believe that on average the lines in voting places are



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longer in primarily African American voting districts than they are in primarily Anglo voting districts and on average that is generally true and there hasn't been anything that you all have been able to do about it?

Are you saying that or not?

MR. BLEDSOE: I'm not saying on average but I'm saying that the polling places -- and there have been quite a few where there have been identified problems with -- let's just say long lines or problems with -- with not having enough ballots or enough facilities, those are almost all in minority communities but I haven't done some kind of, you know, analysis of the state to say on the average because that's probably only, you know, 10 percent of the precincts but that's enough of a number to really cause us a great concern.

CHAIRMAN SMITH: And my question is whether people in good faith are attempting to provide adequate equipment and that there are a percentage of precincts where for whatever reason there's too few polls and, therefore, longer lines but that that occurs in the same proportion in Anglo districts for the very same reason or -- or are you alleging that on average it happens to African American communities more often than it does in other communities?

MR. BLEDSOE: What I'm saying is I think



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that it does happen in African American communities much more often than it does in other communities o the extent it does happen in other communities.

So, I think there is some design behind it, some intent because, you know, they usually occur when there's a big election and there's a desire to suppress the minority vote, and I wish that were not true but I think it's pretty clear that that's where it happens, when it happens and that's why it happens.

CHAIRMAN SMITH: Okay. Representative Dr. Allen.

REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: Thank you, Mr. Bledsoe. Before I ask you a couple of questions here, I just wanted to say yes, it happens in our communities, and I made myself a committee of one. I went to the polling place every day. The first day there were a very insufficient number of voting machines there and at least half of those were not functioning.

And so, what I did, maybe something you can do, is I called the election office and I called the TV channel, and it wasn't long before the TV channels were there and it wasn't long before the machines were fixed and they had more machines out there. So, we'll just have to watch it ourselves.

MR. BLEDSOE: But, of course, not everyone,



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Dr. Allen, has a state representative that has a PhD that lives in their community who is going to be able to do that and has a responsive media.

REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: Okay. You call me, I'll come to yours.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Nor should they have to.

REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: That's right.

Now, you've heard a lot today about voting, and I know you would know this but I really wanted to put this on the table about the Voting Rights Act.

You've heard it said that we no longer need that. After hearing all of the information you heard today, the witnesses, what do you say to that? What's your position on that, that we no longer need the Voting Rights Act?

MR. BLEDSOE: Well, that's one thing, Dr. Allen, we did when we conducted all those hearings around the state because we knew the Voting Rights Act was going to be up for reauthorization. So, we did extensive hearings at court reporters and had transcripts and we ended up doing executive summaries and all that and we went to DC and we went to visit Senator Hutchison and Senator Cornyn to try to make sure they voted the right way on those issues.



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And at one point, Senator Cornyn was actually opposed to the reauthorization of the act and -- and I won't say that it was based on our meeting but after we had met with him, we took about 30 or 40 people with us and presented him with the information. He did change his vote and the act passed the next day.

So, we were very glad to see that but we did -- from what I've seen from personal experience and from what we've garnered as an organization through our many pinnacles added to the community, we have some serious problems in Texas and people haven't really just acquiesced in the idea that minorities should be able to vote.

And we keep saying if you give minorities a chance, you go out and give them something to consider, people will be very fair in how they give out their vote but when you do things that undermine the minority communities' interest, you will antagonize the minority community and -- but we continue to see things that happen like that because I think this bill is widely seen in that same way.

If you listen to an African American talk show tomorrow and the bill is discussed, you're going to hear that's the general sentiment in the community.

REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: Absolutely.



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Now, you told some very pungent stories about voter suppression and -- but I know you can go a little further back. I really want everyone in this room to know the kinds of things that minorities have gone through just to be able to vote.

We didn't even talk about women not being able to vote. Of course, when women got their right to vote, you remember black women were not allowed to vote.

And so, I know that all of you heard the famous statement, "Ain't I a woman, too," came from the rights for minority women to vote.

The -- when (Inaudible) who walked and protested with the women who could not vote and when they decided that they could go into the continental congress, they said white women can come in but the black women could not come in.

So, that's when you hear that famous statement, "Well, ain't I a woman, too? I born nine children," et cetera, et cetera. You know the story and that's the history of that.

So, I wanted you to talk about voter suppression. How many beans in a jar? Can you come up with others? I can. I wanted to give you that opportunity.

MR. BLEDSOE: Oh, there are a number of



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examples of voter suppression that I can give you that have occurred even -- even recently that really are problematic and, you know, the -- the voter suppression that we've seen involves again -- you heard Judge Charleston talk about the Waller County situation.

REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: Yes.

MR. BLEDSOE: And that's a perfect example because in Waller County, you have the missing registration applications and also in Waller County, besides the missing registration applications, that General Abbott did, ultimately, it was after the election and it didn't affect the outcome of the election but I think they ultimately were processed and I think it was through the AG's office that they were processed and that's where my comment came from but that was in the context of there being -- there were ballot boxes from Prairie View that were taken in plain view, and some of the students I met with that actually filmed they being pain in plain view illegally by officials that were not official county officials in the middle of the day and no consequence occurring with that, the continued -- you know, the indictment of African American elected accounted officials there, the Grand Jury investigations of other elected officials there, the idea that you cannot vote, the whole idea with their



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(inaudible) situation in 1991 wasn't sufficient where this had to -- had to occur.

And the NAACP was one of the plaintiffs in the lawsuit to address that situation in Prairie View, and that's -- so, that was clearly done by design.

And with -- Chairman Smith asked about it earlier and we talked a little bit more about that situation in Tarrant County because what happened there was there was an African American newspaper that apparently worked something out with a campaign, and the campaign featured this idea about what's going to happen to you if you show up and vote and if you're -- and it gave the misinformation about if you're a felon and it said that if you have an outstanding warrant, you're going to be arrested, and they actually positioned off duty police officers.

They mentioned this in the newspaper article that was placed in the mailboxes, and I think it was probably illegal but they actually then went out and hired off duty police in uniform and had them positioned around minority polling places. And so, that was very intimidating when that occurred.

REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: Correct.

MR. BLEDSOE: And --

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Has that conducted



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been prosecuted?

MR. BLEDSOE: Was that actually prosecuted? UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yes.

MR. BLEDSOE: Not to my knowledge, I don't believe it was.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Do you know the extent to which any of these activities have been prosecuted in the state?

MR. BLEDSOE: Well, in the Wharton County situation, that one was kind of ironic because the authorities actually turned it on the African American sheriff's candidate and were actually looking at him and, ultimately, he was not prosecuted but his name was C. G. McElwain, and they actually started looking at him for burning down his own supporter's home and then acting as if he had done a publicity stunt.

Well, we had to -- we had to send down a team of individuals on election day to be there and be available. We ended up running out of ballots in the black community that day in Wharton County.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: And if someone were to say to you that those activities that you're describing that are intended to intimidate, et cetera, voters from voting do not occur because they have not been prosecuted, you wouldn't be impressed with that



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argument, would you?

MR. BLEDSOE: Well, again, I understand the sentiment and the discussion, and these things were -- were not prosecuted. You know, I think that we're aware of them because we're personally involved in them.

You know, I had people that were extensions of the organization, for example, that were there in Wharton County that were there at the African American polling sites that were reporting to me on an hourly basis while I was at our election central, and so -- and I know them to be credible people, so, I feel pretty solid about the information that came there.

And I ended up meeting and visiting Mr. McElwain later, and we assisted him later when the authorities tried to flip the investigation to go after him instead of the people who had actually done this to his supporters.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: So, your --

MR. BLEDSOE: So, I actually kind of was a witness in that situation.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: And your conviction about which this crime that is not prosecuted occurred is based on anecdotal information that you received from people that you trust?

MR. BLEDSOE: To the extent -- and, again,



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some of the information is from me from direct information but -- but yes, I mean, it's not the same as third party information because when you know the person or when you are the one that assigns someone -- it's just like you, if you've got a law office or something and you've got a private investigator, you send the private investigator out to collect facts and you know that person to be a person of integrity, you kind of trust those facts.

So, when I send a team of people out, it's usually people that have character and integrity, and when we get the information back, I feel that it's trustworthy information.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Thank you.

REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: I want to finish my line of questions, please. Thank you for that information.

And I want to bring -- bring you up to date to 2008 to the last election but prior to that, before I go with that one, I don't know that you remember that for -- to vote in the State of Texas, at one time you had to be a landowner. Do you know that one?

MR. BLEDSOE: That's correct.

REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: Voting was for white males only, that you had to be literate and if you



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didn't know how to read -- you were given a literacy test, so, if you could not answer the questions on the test, then you could not vote.

MR. BLEDSOE: That's correct.

REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: And then we went through the poll tax phase of it. I think that's where I came in. I remember poll tax and so -- but we've been through all of these suppressions before, and I think -- when I see this, I see it as another form of suppression.

But you've had heard a lot today about

Indiana and Georgia and when the voter ID came in that
there was an increase in the number of voters 2 percent,
which is not enormous but there was -- all the way up to
6 percent I heard tonight.

2008, the Obama election year, do you think that voter increase was due to voter ID being implemented or were there other factors involved in -- in the voter increasing in minority neighborhoods this time?

MR. BLEDSOE: When it comes to analyzing election returns, it's clear you have to throw out 2008 because 2008 is truly an aberration for a number of reasons.

When you have the first African American



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running for president, people who might be otherwise intimidated actually would take that risk and go to the polls. I mean, you had people that were a hundred years old that were going to the polls and some of them went on their own.

So, I understood that dynamic, and in Georgia, for example, Georgia had the most incredible get out the vote effort that took place there because there was money, there was activity relating to that election that you had not seen because Georgia, ironically, was one of those covered Section 5 jurisdictions that were in play.

So, both -- both of the candidates were pushing for that, and so, that was not driven by local elections. That was actually driven by the national election and the enormous amount of money and activity that went into that campaign in Georgia.

So, you -- when you look at Indiana, Georgia, any of those, you have to throw out 2008 and you have to look at other years because 2008 is an absolute aberration and, you know, you won't have an Obama on the ballot in 2010.

And so, you know, that will be a better barometer or idea of comparing maybe 2010 to 2006 but 2008 is -- is truly an anomaly and won't be repeated



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	447
1	until 2012.
2	REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: Thank you.
3	CHAIRMAN SMITH: Members?
4	Yes, Representative Brown.
5	REPRESENTATIVE BROWN: The description of
6	the event surrounding that election where you said that
7	the off duty police officers were hired to come, how
8	long ago was that?
9	MR. BLEDSOE: That was somewhere around '01,
10	'02, '03.
11	REPRESENTATIVE BROWN: Thank you.
12	MR. BLEDSOE: I'd have to go back and look
13	at the report to see the exact year, somewhere in that
14	year.
15	REPRESENTATIVE BROWN: Within the last ten
16	years?
17	MR. BLEDSOE: All of them were within the
18	last ten years because we hadn't started having the
19	hearings until after 2000.
20	REPRESENTATIVE BROWN: Thank you.
21	CHAIRMAN SMITH: Representative Anchia.
22	REPRESENTATIVE ANCHIA: Thank you.
23	Mr. Bledsoe, thanks for being here.
24	I want to just go over some studies related
25	to the disparate application of photo ID requirements in



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photo ID states.

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You may or may not be familiar with the studies but I'm going to read the studies to you, and I would ask you to just confirm or deny whether you find it surprising, the conclusion of the study.

It really relates to -- these are academic studies related to street level enforcement of photo ID and their potential for discrimination.

The first study is a Caltex, MIT and Harvard study from 2007 to 2008, 2007 election, 2008 Super Tuesday primary concluded that African American voters were 14 percent more likely to be asked for photo ID than whites, and that was a consistent finding in all states regardless of the photo ID requirements, and Hispanics were 18 percent more likely than whites to be asked for photo IDs. Does that surprise you?

MR. BLEDSOE: No, it doesn't. And I might even say we did a racial profiling study in the State of Texas of DPS statistics, and we found out that African American and Latinos were requested to give -- to allow their vehicles to be searched much more likely -- much more likely than Anglos. I think it was like 2 to 1 or 3 to 1 was the actual percentage there. And so, I think that that's another example.

And that's when you -- you didn't -- the



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suspicious circumstances and all seemed to be controlled and the same but the police officers in their subjective nature were asking the minorities to search their vehicles, and they were much less likely to find contraband in the vehicles of the minorities, yet they were much more likely to ask them to be able to search their vehicles.

REPRESENTATIVE ANCHIA: So, the conclusions of a Harvard study on the 2006 and 2008 elections might not surprise you where they concluded that in the 2006 general election 47 percent of white voters reported being asked to show photo ID at the polls compared with 54 percent of Hispanics and 55 percent of African Americans, and in the 2008 Super Tuesday primary states, 53 percent of whites were asked to show photo ID compared to 58 percent of Hispanics and a staggering 73 percent of African Americans, those findings wouldn't surprise you then?

MR. BLEDSOE: No, they wouldn't. And I think that 73 percent suggests that they were clearly concerned that those were voting for a certain candidate.

REPRESENTATIVE ANCHIA: And according to the nation's largest nonpartisan exit poll of Asian

Americans, nearly 70 percent of Asian voters were asked



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for ID at the polls in states where no photo ID was required, and that was also a Caltex study, so, that wouldn't surprise you either?

MR. BLEDSOE: No, it wouldn't.

REPRESENTATIVE ANCHIA: Okay. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN SMITH: Yes, Representative Veasey.

REPRESENTATIVE VEASEY: Mr. Bledsoe, I

wanted to ask you specifically about your opinion on voter ID laws that are being implemented in specific states, and I know that you do a good job of talking to your colleague at the national office and at the other NAACP branches across the country but one of the things that interests me is that it seems like where the voter ID law is being implemented or attempted to be implemented, it seems as if a there are significant minority populations in those states like I don't see anybody, you know, trying --

MR. BLEDSOE: That's true.

REPRESENTATIVE VEASEY: -- to implement voter ID laws in Idaho or some place like that. It seems where it's being implemented that it's in heavily minority states. Has that been your experience?

MR. BLEDSOE: That's correct. And we're completely opposed to those. We have opposed those in whatever states they have been proposed.



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REPRESENTATIVE VEASEY: Why do you think that that -- why do you think the voter ID laws are in those particular states with significant minority populations?

MR. BLEDSOE: Well, it's clear what the design of the bill will lead to and, that is, a lower minority vote whether it's because people have not as much time and they're trying to be in line, they have to go back to work and they have to leave but the longer you keep the process going, the more you're going to discourage people.

So, we keep looking at how many people went through the process and ultimately were -- were told their vote wouldn't count but I think there's a huge number of individuals who are going to be dissuaded and discouraged because even the issues relating to the affidavit that you have to fill out and people worrying if they're going to be prosecuted for what they put in the affidavit and even the situation relating to getting the free ID card, you know, if you use it once --

I think I heard Dr. Allen have an engagement with another member of the committee earlier. I read the bill to say if you actually use it for any other purpose, you've violated the bill and, theoretically, this might mean you're tampering with a government



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record or some kind of falsification. So, it would be very intimidating.

So, I think that clearly these laws are put there because when you say you have to have an affidavit that you have to execute or you have to be in line longer, this is just going to discourage people who have less flexible time, who are more intimidated by this world that we live in, that's going to discourage them from participating.

And so, I think it's going to have a clear result and it's going to be much greater than the number -- the numbers we've heard have just been really small compared to what I think the actual reality would be.

REPRESENTATIVE VEASEY: And one of the things, speaking of ID -- and you're familiar with the history of poll taxes and everything that sort of went along with poll taxes until, you know, they weren't being used any more, and I wanted to specifically ask you about the free ID because the way I read the free ID, it says that you can be given a free ID if you're going to use it for voting but, obviously, you would need to present certain documents to get that free ID.

If -- if poor individuals, people that don't have money to go and get this ID would have to go and



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get the supporting documents that would cost money in order to get this free ID, is that not similar to a modern day poll tax?

MR. BLEDSOE: There's no question a lot of cost factors that would be involved. For example, if you go to Presidio County, Presidio County, you have to go to the county seat, and the cities and towns are so far away from the county seat, many of them, where a number of the voters live, and they may not have access to the same transportation.

That's another study that we did, the NAACP, a profiling study, we looked at the ownership of automobiles and things of that nature, and we found that minorities are much less likely to have access to automobiles.

So, I think that you -- what you'll find is that all those things would be additional costs. Let's say, for example, you have to defend your ballot. Let's say you vote and you have a provisional ballot and you have to go at some point and raise an issue to prove that you were the same person, isn't that going to be some additional cost on that person?

What's that going to be for a poor person who has to depend on public transportation? What if you have some kind of free bus service or something that you



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normally use and they don't work late in the evenings? You know, they shut down at a certain point in time. So, if you have to go through some process where there's a canvassing session or whatever that takes an extended period of time and we know -- I think we can look at what just happened in the Harris County elections that just took place, and when they went through the canvassing process and all that, how you saw where there were minority candidates on the same plate of other candidates that they did not prevail, and so, those things are potentially ripe with problems.

REPRESENTATIVE VEASEY: I wanted -- and I'm done asking Mr. Bledsoe questions but since the topic came up about certain suppression tactics at polling places, in 2002, not 1960 or '50 something but in 2002 in Fort Worth, Texas, that was the year Ron Kirk was running for Senate, I was not a state representative at the time but the particular campaign office that I was running, I got a call from a voter and the voter said there is a -- I was on a project and if you're familiar with downtown Fort Worth then you're familiar with the Butler housing project.

I got a call from a voter saying: I was going to go vote, it was election day, and there was a roadblock literally set up over the main road leading



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out of the project on election day.

And so, you know, I mean, a lot of people think that a lot of the things that we're talking about, particularly when we start delving back into history and the history of voter suppression tactics that that doesn't go on any more but as recently as 2002 in Fort Worth -- and, you know, of course, the police department today would say, oh, it was just accident and it wasn't any big deal, as soon as we figured out it was election day, we pulled up the roadblock but if you live in that community and you've heard the stories and you've heard the different things that your relatives and friends and families had to go through and -- and -- or maybe even you had to live through that your yourself, then that's -- that can be painful and that can be a serious experience as far as suppression is concerned.

MR. BLEDSOE: I agree, and it does occur in the current day. This is not something that's remote and distance in time, and that's what sad about it.

I would think when we look at the bill and the proposal, I would feel better about the intent of a proposal if you were trying to fix the whole problem but we have a lot of people out there that are crying out for justice and fairness.

These intimidation tactics continue to occur



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and there's no outcry for them. There's no real effort or synergy that's put together some initiative to try to get some relief from them, and whenever we get relief, it has to come from the federal government, and that's better sometimes than other times, and that's what sad about it but if there was a whole -- let's just say some coordinated legislation that sought to address one issue with the same time trying to address other issues as well because a lot of things that occurred were actually crimes and -- but when crimes are committed by persons in official authority or what have you, they seem to not make a difference.

CHAIRMAN SMITH: Any other questions?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Mr. Chairman, can I ask a question?

CHAIRMAN SMITH: Certainly.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Thank you.

To elaborate on the questions that

Representative Veasey asked you, Mr. Bledsoe, you

asked -- you were mentioning earlier about leafletting

programs for suppression of voter participation, and

Mr. Veasey reached back to ancient history, 2002, but

you are aware that as recently as a year and a half ago,

there was a voter suppression program in inner city Fort

Worth involving City Council candidates. One was an



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Anglo candidate, one was Hispanic.

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And there was a broad leafletting in a (Inaudible) neighborhood giving false information about the election day to the Hispanic voters in inner city Fort Worth. So, it's -- I guess the point is it's very recent and it's very current; is that correct?

MR. BLEDSOE: That's correct. That's correct. They continue to this day.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: And maybe you care about voter suppression and maybe you don't, that's correct, some people do and some people don't?

MR. BLEDSOE: That's -- that's true. I think in some people, it's a way of doing business, and that's what's sad about it because, obviously, the ones who are most likely to being victimized are black or brown.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: And, in fact, you may have seen the news media coverage on this issue where the chairman talks about the inherent dynamic conflict between voter suppression and voter encouragement.

You're familiar with that ongoing conflict.

So, really, the issue is where do you come down on the side of the issue? Are you in favor of voter participation or are you in favor of voter suppression?



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MR. BLEDSOE: Well, and I would agree simply because I haven't seen the -- you know, I think it takes a lot of bravado for someone to go and vote with someone else's voter ID card. I just don't think that's happening very often. To the extent that it is happening --

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: There's almost no evidence of it ever happening in Texas.

MR. BLEDSOE: I think there's fail-safes that are in place to address that type of situation. So, I don't think that it is a problem.

I think voter intimidation is a much larger problem than voter fraud in the way that part has been -- in terms of the voters -- voter identification requirement that's on the table.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Any election day, if you chose to spend the day at the Democratic party headquarters, as I have done on several occasions, you could handle a litany of phone calls from people talking about how they have been turned away from the polls for one reason or another, all of which are not valid.

MR. BLEDSOE: Yeah, we've had a number of instances where people were turned away when the reasons were not valid. I don't know that I could say that all the time they weren't valid but usually they were not



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valid reasons.

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And they were usually people who were minorities, and this is all about counting votes. And I know that, you know, one of the things we had like in Bell County this last time was a situation where someone clearly was a voter and they were not allowed to vote.

And some of our branch members were with this individual, and they showed all kinds of identification and everything, and the person still wasn't allowed to vote.

At the same time, there were a number of African American members of the branch who were in the military who had been deployed to Iraq, and they were sent back home, and they were wrongfully purged from the voting -- from the rolls, and so, they were all African Americans and this was happening.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: So, just so you're clear, all the questions I was asking about are relevant to Tarrant County, the home county of the chair bill elections committee, Chairman Smith.

MR. BLEDSOE: These are all -- I mean,

Tarrant County is the country where they were doing the illegal with the mailboxes and the newspapers and all that. That was all in Tarrant County.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Thank you.



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CHAIRMAN SMITH: Any other questions,

members?

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Representative Helfin.

REPRESENTATIVE HELFIN: Mr. Bledsoe, thank you for being here today.

We've heard testimony about voter misconduct throughout the evening -- day and evening. We also have an issue of basically -- and I hate to say this because I know 99.9 percent of them are very, very good people, are just trying to do a very good job. We have some poll worker misconduct as well.

Would you -- do you see that happening, that some of the election judges are looking harder at one set of records than they are the next, so to speak?

MR. BLEDSOE: There's no question that's one of the biggest problems that we have seen is the poll worker misconduct, and when you give poll workers more ammunition to tell someone they cannot vote, that's going to create a real problem.

And the real risk, I think, of this bill and the way that it's designed and the power that it gives to poll workers, it actually makes them become more of an arm of the campaign, okay, because I think when you empower them with this, we look at the situation that occurred in Florida -- excuse me -- in Ohio in 2004 and



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the idea with the -- with the persons that could be at the polling sites that could actually challenge elections.

When you empower people to -- to tell people no and to hold up lines and these people are selected that -- in a process that doesn't indicate that they are really reflective of the views of the people in that community and they're running a polling site, that's going to present a real impediment to them actually obtaining justice.

So, I think that -- the idea of how this empowers individuals who -- who are election officials is just -- is just unreasonable because it gives them too much power, especially in light of what we've seen and the actual interplay that we see that's very much conflict oriented between African Americans and individuals that run polling sites in many areas around the state.

We've seen this whether it's Texarkana, Fort Bend County, Harris County, you know, Wharton. We've seen this in innumerable counties around the state, and it's not limited geographically.

REPRESENTATIVE HELFIN: Now, this -- even in this very committee, we heard a bill earlier this year, which I think is good, that in the event someone ends up



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filling out their voter registration card makes fraudulent statements, that it be bumped up from a misdemeanor to a felony grade offense, and then also we heard from Florida on mail in ballots, inappropriate action on the mail in ballot was also moved up to a felony grade offense.

And I say this very, very cautiously because I know it is so difficult to find people to work these elections and, as I said, I know 99.9 percent of them are good people, how do we police that and how do we punish that?

Because that's a crime. That's suppressing our right to vote. I don't care who it is, whatever color, whatever, but what -- what's your view on that?

MR. BLEDSOE: Well, I think that's the only way to really discourage it but I think that when usually individuals are doing this, they are acting on behalf of a higher authority, just to be very honest about it.

When you're acting on behalf of a higher authority, usually there's some insulation that's provided to you.

I think that -- and so, therefore, what you really have to do is somehow be able to make selections of people who run polling places that go outside of the



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political domain and take some of the politics out.

It's kind of like some of the ideas of these nonpartisan redistricting commissions that are being set up like they just adopted out in California, I mean, you need to have some kind of process like that where individuals who don't have a stake in the game, so to speak, can run the polling places and then have all the proper training because when you give subjectivity to individuals that have a stake in the outcome, that are associated with people that are running, I think you run the real risk of having problems arise in those areas.

So, I think that's -- that's one of the things that could be done there is take the politics out by getting a different group of people to run the elections.

REPRESENTATIVE HELFIN: And you know as well as I that it is very, very hard to legislate that people do the right thing or husbands be good fathers or that kind of stuff.

So, that would be a difficult issue but, you know, maybe we need to look at the criminal punishment for that side and maybe make it a larger increase and have officers supervising -- trained officers supervising. I don't know how we correct that but it's certainly an interesting dilemma that we face, the fair



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people that we put in charge to make sure we have open voting are the ones suppressing the issue.

MR. BLEDSOE: And I would agree, although I would say I think that the law does cover that situation but it's just not being utilized.

I think when you violate a law relating to your office, that's official misconduct under 39.01 of the Penal Code. I think that's very clear. It may not be a felony but it's a Class A misdemeanor that you can be removed from office for engaging in that activity. So, I do think there is a law that would apply, official suppression.

REPRESENTATIVE HELFIN: Now, another thing we've talked about during the day is provisional ballots, and there's one state that gives you two days to correct and they were correcting like a third of them, and the other state you had, I think, seven days and they were correcting like two-thirds or three-fourths.

So -- and the bill before us today has a provisional ballot language but it's not real clear. Do you think if we went to a provisional ballot system that we gave them 10 days because you have 10 days here before you have to canvas the votes, would that be beneficial to make sure that -- that when they -- when



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you vote a provisional ballot, that they have to identify whether it's provisional ballot, special ballot because they don't have ID or for whatever -- ballot because they don't have -- their signatures don't match or whatever, would that help us in any way or would that confuse the issue, trying to train these election personnel even more?

What I would propose in a MR. BLEDSOE: situation like that to make it fair to the individual because some individuals -- most of the ones we're talking about here probably don't have great means, whereas, what you would do is you would create a presumption that -- that the ballot is valid, and then have the authorities screen those that have been objected to and then they come up with a list of those that are problematic at that point, and then they would see to it that they could come up with some kind of convenient set of circumstances in which they could help resolve that issue, so that if you're poor or you don't have transportation, you live 60 miles from the county seat in Presidio County and you just can't afford to go to the county seat again and that's where the issue has got to believe resolved, to try to come up with some fair process to handle that but have that be screened and put the onus on the government rather than on the



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individual because --

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I mean, let's be honest and think about it. We're talking about individuals who may not have the most education in the world and some things that may occur logically to some people may not occur logically to others. They may be just as righteous as they could be. Their ballot may have been totally legitimate but they may not how to defend that ballot and they don't have money to go get a lawyer to put forth their case and the campaigns are, I guess, kind of not going to be involved in that process.

So, you know, it puts them in between a rock and a hard place. And you can understand if I'm there trying to defend my ballot and I've got a third grade education and English is my second language, that's not going to be the easiest thing in the world.

So, you really need to flip that and go through a whole process where they limit the number of individuals who have to go through that process.

REPRESENTATIVE HELFIN: I like the way you think these things out, Mr. Bledsoe, and I hope that whatever we work on this committee, I certainly would appreciate being able to call you.

MR. BLEDSOE: Any time.

REPRESENTATIVE HELFIN: Thank you.



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CHAIRMAN SMITH: Did you have a question?
Representative Bonnen.

REPRESENTATIVE BONNEN: Thank you, Mr. Bledsoe. I think you've been respectful and very thoughtful in your testimony. I appreciate your doing this.

MR. BLEDSOE: Thank you.

REPRESENTATIVE BONNEN: I wanted to follow up on Judge Helfin's question on the, for lack of a better way to put it, flipping the burden to the government on the provisional ballot because one of the things -- you don't have to agree with this but it's probably fair to suspect that in those provisional ballots, say in the case of Georgia where they had two days and I think it was about 800 that didn't return, that some of them may not have returned because they weren't valid to be voting. I'm not saying 1 or 5. I don't know.

MR. BLEDSOE: It's possible.

REPRESENTATIVE BONNEN: Possible. So, if you flip the onus to the government, which I would say probably isn't a terrible idea, I mean, I haven't thought it through but there's some logic to that, would we then want the government to pursue those that they find that shouldn't have voted? Do you follow where



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I'm --

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MR. BLEDSOE: If there's criminal intent. If it's an honest and innocent mistake -- so, I would always want to segregate those. If you find someone in either party involved with some orchestrated campaign to commit a fraud, that's a criminal act.

REPRESENTATIVE BONNEN: Right, and I agree with that. I guess my concern would be -- and I'm not arguing against having the onus on the government, I think that makes sense, but I just want us to think through this -- this -- the place we would be putting ourselves at that point. I mean, it would be somewhat of a dangerous spot.

I could be wrong because, as you say, it's what that intent was. Did this man, woman or whomever come down here with an intent to inappropriately cast a ballot they weren't supposed to or didn't have the right to or whatever, you know, if the government has now uncovered that maybe they shouldn't have been there, then there's some degree of responsibility the government may have at that point when it may not have been -- you know, do you know what I'm saying, where I'm going is I'm wondering if we put the government in a position, if there would be a way to avoid the government putting a lot of effort into investigating



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voters that don't need to be investigated. Does that make sense?

MR. BLEDSOE: I think it does but I think that starts out with the election officials because they are the ones that are going to be doing the screening, and hopefully they would only have individuals who they have good reason to believe presented a problem.

I think that -- I would think that if someone was engaged in a situation where they were not legitimately voting that those would be the ones -- if there was an investigation, those would be the ones where there would be a path that would lead to them and say, well, these are the ones where there's a problem instead of the ones where there's a different middle name or sometimes it's just common sense and common sense --

REPRESENTATIVE BONNEN: I agree.

MR. BLEDSOE: -- is not applied and it's -REPRESENTATIVE BONNEN: I think some of the
time, too, though, they will fall into a gray area that
says I don't think this individual was really a part of
any criminal intent but without some further steps, I
can't prove that up but, anyway, enough on that. I
think that's a valid thought.

One of the things I was going to ask is on



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voter intimidation, which should never occur and is very bothersome and I will tell you I personally don't know of it but I would be ignorant to suggest it doesn't or hasn't or -- doesn't occur, so, I want to be respectful of that.

But, in that regard, the election workers, as I understand it, are selected or -- they're not really selected, it's anyone willing largely, unfortunately, but it's -- it is based through, as you were discussing, the party system.

So, wouldn't there be -- shouldn't there be a natural balance that would occur at the polls? Why would -- I mean, how would there be -- why would there not be a balance there to call out a voter suppression or intimidation scenario?

MR. BLEDSOE: Well, I think that frequently what we find is, of course, that the officials at the polling site are involved in the voter intimidation, and so, that would be a problem if they're part of the process.

REPRESENTATIVE BONNEN: Not to interrupt you there but I guess that's my point, though, isn't there a balance in who the voters -- I mean, the poll workers, isn't there a balance between party and who those individuals end up being?



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MR. BLEDSOE: Well, I think that like, for example, with the early voting sites and things, to the victors go the spoils is what the current law is in Texas. So, you do have individuals when you go to a polling site that may be of a different party or what have you, and that does create a true dynamic that's —that's problematic, and I understand that.

That's -- maybe in some ways that's been our culture in Texas but it can, you know, lead to -- lead to problems.

REPRESENTATIVE BONNEN: Certainly.

MR. BLEDSOE: And it really does lead to problems, and I know if you're paying somebody \$7 an hour or what have you, they're not going to be necessarily -- unless they're retired and just really don't need the money and are doing it for a good reason, they may not be the most qualified person to -- to actually act in that situation.

You need people that exercise good common sense. You need people that have the patience of Job sometimes because of some of the things that actually occur, and you don't always find that with the workers.

I don't mean to indict. I've been an election worker myself, a \$7 an hour election worker before. So, I don't mean to condemn election workers



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but there's a problem with how the system is set up.

REPRESENTATIVE BONNEN: Well, yeah, and I think we would greatly served, not only this committee but this body as a whole, the legislature -- I think one of the bigger issues, regardless of voter ID or anything else, is the fact that we pay \$7 an hour for someone to come in and understand a very complex process and deal with people who --

I mean, I can remember one of the first races I ever ran in a suburban community in Pearland, I mean, people just -- I mean, literally almost running people over, not intentionally, to get parked and get in line to vote, and they're fired up and they want to get in there and they want to make sure they're on time and yet I've got a \$7 person in there helping make all that work and, frankly, a \$7 person who wasn't paid \$7 five days earlier to be trained for probably a lot more time than they ever were.

But, anyhow, I think that's a greater issue that we would be better off working on, and I also would like us to, on these issues of voter suppression and intimidation -- I mean, I have not reviewed all the bills before this committee but, I mean, do we have any bills before this committee that address those issues?

We do? I mean, we need to look at those. We need to --



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voter suppression bill info.

CHAIRMAN SMITH: Just for the record, we're 20 minutes over the allotted time. Just take that into consideration, Representative Helfin.

REPRESENTATIVE HELFIN: And I'll also notice as Representative Bonnen, for someone to have their vote invalidated because of one election judge I think is an injustice. Shouldn't we not have a provision if your vote is not going to -- someone is going to determine your vote doesn't count or provisional, the election judge for that precinct sign off on that as well? If we have two minds at least --

REPRESENTATIVE BONNEN: There should be a balance --

REPRESENTATIVE HELFIN: A balance, yeah.

REPRESENTATIVE BONNEN: -- in that worker, and it would resolve some of the issues, and not that we should ever do away with a poll watcher or anything.

That's a very good right and a very good tool when used but, I mean, to have that balance is significant because I think you raise a fair point.

I mean, I think it's a serious responsibility for someone to say I'm going to turn away this individual from their opportunity to vote today, especially considering we have the tool, which I think



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474 is very important and -- provisional ballot -- and we 1 2 have had a lot of talk about provisional ballots but the 3 reality is the provision ballots are used in close 4 elections. I mean, we don't count those ballots unless 5 it's of an impact, of a necessity, I quess you would 6 say. 7 But that could also come down to this issue of better trained, better experienced, more competent 8 9 poll workers. And then one other 1.0 REPRESENTATIVE HELFIN: 11 quick --12 REPRESENTATIVE BONNEN: I'm through but 13 thank you very much. Appreciate your thoughtfulness. 14 REPRESENTATIVE HELFIN: I agree that if 15 they're provisional ballots, they should be marked 16 special provisional ballots in some manner. 17 If it proves later to be there was some 18 fraudulent intent, I believe they ought to be 19 prosecuted, quite frankly. 20 MR. BLEDSOE: I think if we look at like, 21 for example, Minnesota today and the election contest, 22 you can just see normally there will be close elections 23 that take place. 24 We know we had one in Dallas involving state



representative this time.

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So, every vote counts and 5

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or 10 votes can make a difference in the outcome. So, I think we have to be aware of that.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Let me just say that there's been some discussion about the burden on being with the state or with the voter and the difference between those two, and I think we've heard the testimony tonight that gives us some good general idea of the impact of that in that effectively Georgia and Indiana put that burden on the voter. In those instances, about a third of the provisional ballots are counting, whereas, Florida puts the burden on the state, a majority of the ballot board, and we have these boards already in place in the State of Texas. It does not require the creation of any new organization. The only way it wouldn't count is if the voter doesn't do what they want to do within 10 days and this ballot board by a majority vote determines that the signature is not likely to be the same person as the person who signed the voter registration card.

And certainly it's not perfect, and I think everybody understands there's no pure scientific way to draw that line either but it certainly is dramatic in terms of the difference of the percentages in terms of which votes are counting and which votes are not counting.



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So, I realize that those people who are opposed to the concept we are discussing today would just as soon we all go away but to the extent that the legislation is going to be considered, I think everybody would also agree that opting for that mechanism rather than the alternative is far preferable.

mean, I ended up getting here by winning the right to be in a run off by 9 votes, and I think that when we get into the discussion of elections -- and I'm not going to get into this but, I mean, city elections, we had -- the City of Clute had a council position seat literally tie, so, they had a run off.

But my point of raising that -- and I know everyone here is well aware of this but, you know, we get caught up in talking about a presidential race, maybe a gubernatorial race but the reality is we have so many local positions of significant importance that are in extraordinarily tight contested races that all this has a tremendous impact on.

I mean, as I tell people, I've been here now 12 years, for good or for bad, however you feel about that, I respect it, but the point is when those 9 votes made that difference, it made a 12-year decision is the reality. So, I think the significance is well beyond



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477 these large national races, not that they're not 1 2 important, as we've learned. 3 I'm done, Mr. Chairman. 4 CHAIRMAN SMITH: Any other questions, 5 members? MR. BLEDSOE: Thank you all. 6 7 CHAIRMAN SMITH: Thank you very much. 8 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Mr. Chairman, can I 9 just quickly read something really fast? I know that --1.0 CHAIRMAN SMITH: Is it really fast? Do that 11 while the Secretary of State's office is coming up. 12 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Okav. Great. Great. I know that John Fund was here earlier from 13 14 the WALL STREET JOURNAL, and I've seen Mr. Fund lots of 15 times on Fox and Michelle Malkin, you know, some of the 16 various shows. 17 He's very entertaining but some of the 18 things that he was saying about voter fraud have just 19 proved just to be not true, and I wanted to point that 20 out. 21 In particular, there was an allegation that 22 he made about voter fraud in South Car -- I'm sorry, not 23 in South Carolina but in South Dakota involving incumbent Senator Tim Johnson, who narrowly defeated 24 25 Republican challenger for a U.S. Senate seat.



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And the charges that he made and that he put in his book, the South Dakota Republican attorney — attorney general called the charges just outright false, and there are just numerous as relates to the shenanigans that went on in 2000, Bush v. Gore, and various other elections that he talks about in his book, and a lot of it is just not true.

And, you know, it almost seems like Mr. Fund, like some of the other folks that seem, you know, bent on, you know, making sure that this voter ID bill becomes law, that they just -- they're kind of on the tunnel vision course.

And so, when he came to testify, he got out of here before we could delve into that but there's a lot of things that Mr. Fund has put in his book have been refuted by fellow Republicans. So --

CHAIRMAN SMITH: Okay.

REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: Mr. Chairman, would you please look with me at the bill on Page 8 and on -- Page 8, line 11 at -- which starts: Except as provided by Section D, which is the next paragraph down, fee for a personal identification certificate is \$15 for a person under 60 years of age, \$5 for a person 60 and older, and \$20 for a person subject to the registration requirements under Chapter 2, whichever that is, on the



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479 1 criminal code procedure. 2 Now, does that mean that if I need ID and 3 I'm under 60 years of age that I need to pay \$15 for 4 that? 5 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Not if you state that you're obtaining the personal identification certificate 6 7 for the sole person of voting --REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: Okay. Now, if I 8 9 go down --UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: -- under this bill. 1.0 REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: Yes -- down to D 11 12 again, the department may not collect a fee for a 13 personal identification certificate issued to a person 14 who states that the person is obtaining the personal 15 identification certificate for the sole purpose. 16 If I use this for something else I may be we go again. 17 liable --I think we need to 18 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: 19 clarify that. 20 REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: -- to a felony or 21 something. I just wanted to point that out that it was 22 in there. 23 So, why is that information in here about 24 the amount that a person pays under 60? Why is it 25 We don't need to flesh it out. there? You know, we



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could tell them how much bread costs.

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UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: That's the current law. That's how much it currently costs to get --

REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: Why do we have to put it in the bill?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Well, because they're trying to -- to reduce the fiscal note, I believe, but by not providing a free ID.

REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: We wouldn't have to even mention the cost of it if it's not going to cost anything.

CHAIRMAN SMITH: Well, it's only not going to cost you something if you're getting it for purposes of voting. Now, we can get rid of the word sole and clarify. That doesn't mean you can't use it for other purposes after you use it for voting but if the reason you're getting it is so that you can vote, it's free.

REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: Okay.

CHAIRMAN SMITH: We all want that.

REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: Do we need to advertise how much the -- the identification costs?

Because it may go up. Next year we may come and we may raise the cost of that ID.

CHAIRMAN SMITH: Well, it's going to only be free if you're getting for the purpose of voting.



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	481
1	REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: Why do we have to
2	put this in here, the cost?
3	CHAIRMAN SMITH: Because it's prior law.
4	Yes, would you the Secretary of State
5	wish to address that?
6	MR. SEPEHRI: Sure, I'll give it a try. I'm
7	John Sepehri, General Counsel for the Secretary of
8	State's office. Ann McGeehan, director of the elections
9	division is here with me.
10	We're both here to
11	(Inaudible)
12	MR. SEPEHRI: Sure. We're both here to
13	They want you, Ann. They don't want me.
14	We're both here to answer questions on
15	behalf of the Secretary of State's office.
16	Go ahead, Ann.
17	MS. MCGEEHAN: I think he just meant he
18	wanted me to introduce myself.
19	MR. SEPEHRI: Sorry.
20	MS. MCGEEHAN: Ann McGeehan with the
21	division of the Secretary of State.
22	MR. SEPEHRI: I felt unloved there for a
23	second.
24	CHAIRMAN SMITH: I don't want to hear
25	another word from her. All you now.



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MR. SEPEHRI: Great. We could be in trouble then. No.

I think the answer is -- and I think what Representative Smith is trying to say and I don't know that we have any extra expertise on this but I'll take a stab at it.

I think all this is trying to do is just amend the existing transportation code, which sets forth the fees. And so, it's just -- we're not -- I don't think this is an attempt to advertise the fees. It's just existing law, and it's just saying except for the purpose of voting, these are the fees.

CHAIRMAN SMITH: There's other reasons why they personal identifications, and those reasons, there's no reason to give it to them for free.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: That's right.

CHAIRMAN SMITH: There's no constitutional right for these other purposes.

REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: Why didn't they put in there the cost of driver's license and the other things that are listed on this form that cost, that have a fee attached to it?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Because they're not going to give them away.

REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: I know but my



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483 1 understanding is if it's listed in the bill, that's what 2 I'm going to pay. Looks like taxing to me. 3 CHAIRMAN SMITH: No. That's current law. 4 That's what they currently charge for that. 5 REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: Well, we can change the law. That's our purpose of being here every 6 7 other year. CHAIRMAN SMITH: We don't want to provide 8 9 free identification for the purposes -- people may be 1.0 identifications for the private sector for whatever 11 reason, as a part of their employment and there's no 12 reason for taxpayers --REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: This is not about 13 14 employment. This bill is about voting. 15 CHAIRMAN SMITH: Right. And that's why 16 Section D provides for a free ID so long as their using 17 it for voting. 18 REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: A also tells you 19 how much it costs. 20 CHAIRMAN SMITH: Except as provided by 21 Subsection D, and D is the part that relates to voting. 22 It costs --23 REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: The cost of the personal identification certificate is --24 25 CHAIRMAN SMITH: Right, except as provided



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484 1 by D. 2 REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: I see that. 3 just don't know why it has to be in the bill, the cost 4 of it. 5 You know, how much does a marriage license That costs. It's not listed in there. How much 6 7 does a divorce paper cost? That's not listed in there. Do you know what I'm talking about? How much -- how 8 9 much is a gun license bill, you know, a permit to carry guns? I don't carry guns but -- you know what I'm 1.0 11 saying? Do you understand what I'm saying? UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I hear you. 12 13 you. 14 REPRESENTATIVE DR. ALLEN: All right. 15 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Mr. Chairman? 16 CHAIRMAN SMITH: Yes. Just a quick 17 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: 18 question. I know that we still have two expert 19 witnesses to go. 20 CHAIRMAN SMITH: Right. 21 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Are we going to hear 22 from the Secretary of State and then go to those 23 witnesses? 24 That's my intent. CHAIRMAN SMITH: 25 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: How long do we want



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to stay on the -- I know that our friends from Harris County and our other is from North Carolina --

CHAIRMAN SMITH: Yeah, we should have these experts.

I wanted to ask you a quick of questions -UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I get it.

CHAIRMAN SMITH: -- about this -- I just would like to get at this issue of confusion regarding the names because it's been repeated again and again and again in the testimony, and I think it would be helpful for us to have an understanding of how that is currently treated, how many people do not get to vote because there's a typo in their name or a junior is missing or other issues of that type, how is that handled?

MR. SEPEHRI: Sure. Why don't I sort of give you a little introduction, and I think Ann can give you some good specifics on that.

But this issue has been brought to our attention before, and the process is that when people apply for a voter registration, there's an application. They have to put their driver's license number on it. If they don't have that, they represent they don't have that, they put their SSN, the last four digits on it, and when it comes to us, we take those -- that data and we match it against team or we go to the Social Security



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Administration and we try to do a match there.

So, you sometimes run into problems if there are spaces in between parts of a last name or various things like that, and so, those sorts of problems have been brought to our attention before. In fact,

Representative Hochberg has worked with our office repeatedly and I believe -- and, again, I'm going to have Ann here give you more specifics but we've actually taken a large number of steps to try and cut down the instances where there are mismatches, if you will, due to some small error, or not even an error but just a clerical type thing, and we have succeeded, I believe, in considerably cutting a number of those down.

I'll let Ann explain that process to you some more.

MS. MCGEEHAN: Okay. The -- I think what may be confusing, though, since there's two different processes in place, what Representative Hochberg's bill gets at is verifying a voter registration application. And so, there there's more leeway because you have a bunch of different matching criteria, date of birth, Social Security number, TDL number.

I think the question that's come up here tonight is if you -- as Dr. Allen represented, if a voter came in and came in with a birth certificate under



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their maiden name, now they're married and so, you know, their other ID may have their -- or they may be on the list under their married name, what would that poll worker do.

And I think the way that Senate Bill 362 is written currently is that's really going to be a fact question for the poll worker to determine.

In that situation, if the voter comes in with a birth certificate, they're going to have to come in with another government issued nonphoto ID, and then the poll worker would have to look at those documents and say, well, yeah, we really think this is Dr. Alma Allen, or they may not be able to make that determination.

CHAIRMAN SMITH: And is that different than the way it is done under current law in terms of providing nonphoto identification? And how -- and whether they interpret that in some manner to determine whether that is you or whether there's just a presentment test, as Representative Anchia indicated?

MS. MCGEEHAN: Under current law, I think the assumption is that a voter whose name changed will update their voter registration, and they can do that by filing a new voter registration application.

As a practical matter, it may not come up as



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